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No. 19

Mr. V. R. Johnson, of this place, brought as in a portion of an ear of red corn that is 39 years old. In the spring of 1878 his father, Mr. Nathan Johnson, planted his corn, and just after gathering it in the fall he died. Out of this corn he had selected and put away a red ear for the following spring planting. Upon the old gentleman's death the good wife put the red ear away as a treasure. Upon her death her daughter, Mrs. Hattie Forrest, Corn Hill, claimed the relic, and now has the remaining half of the red ear of corn at her home. The other half can be seen at the Times office.--Glasgow Times.

U. S. SAVINGS TO STAGGER WORLD

WAR LOAN TEACHES ECONOMY AND HOW TO INVEST SAYS VANDERLIP.

PEOPLE ARE SAVING

Bond Buyers Increase From 300,000 To 4,000,000 During First Sale, Now Many More.

(By Milton Bronner.)

Washington, Nov. 3.—The United States is becoming a nation of bond owners. The floating of two Liberty Loans, which have made every body familiar with bonds and what they stand for, is certain to be followed by much buying of bonds on the part of our plain American people, who formerly left these issues to be taken up by banks and capitalists.

"A bond in every home" is not impossible development of the American future.

No American is a better authority on the subject than Frank A. Vanderlip, president of the National City Bank, New York—the biggest bank in America, and one of the five biggest in the world.

Bonds Ready Soon.

Vanderlip is now a volunteer worker in the United States Treasury Department at Washington. His patriotic job is to sell \$2,000,000,000 worth of war saving certificates, which will be ready perhaps in December.

In an interview today Mr. Vanderlip said:

"The great success of the second offering of the Liberty Loan bonds has in it a deep significance in regard to the future of the investment business in the United States.

"The education which these Liberty Loan campaigns are giving the people of this country in regard to investment securities and the experience which the people are gaining will, I believe, have a profound effect in the future upon the market for securities other than Government offerings.

"When the first Liberty Loan campaign was being organized some figures were collected from the great bond-selling houses, with a view of ascertaining how many people in the United States were in the habit of investing in securities. The conclusion was reached that all the names on the books of all the important bond houses did not aggregate much if any more than 3,000 persons. Subscribers to the first Liberty Loan numbered 4,000,000. A vast number of additional subscribers to the second loan will learn for the first time what a bond looks like, and will get their first lesson in the acquisition of a sound investment. I believe the result of this is going to be of fundamental importance to our future. It means growing habits of thrift for our people, and it means vast accumulation of capital in the world that will sorely need capital.

Up To The People.

America is in a position to take a place of financial pre-eminence in the world, but whether she does take that place or not lies not with the bankers, not with the government, but in the will of the people to save.

"If some of the vast earning power of this country can in a fair proportion be diverted thru the channel of savings into new resources for investment, America will easily take the first position in financing the reconstruction of the world.

"We are going to discover thru these sales of Liberty bonds that the investment capacity of the United States is beyond anything heretofore dreamed of. The first Liberty Loan, four times larger than the largest loan ever placed in America before was in three months completely absorbed by investors.

"Practically none of it remained in the hands of the banks, either in the form of investment or as collateral for customers' loans. No one familiar with investment conditions would have deemed that possible.

Beginning to Save.

"People have begun to save in order that they may invest. They are realizing that the war must be fought with future savings, that past savings are already invested and are in fixed forms of property that can not be devoted to the purposes of the war. As that lesson gets thoroughly into the minds of 100,000,000 people and they begin a will to save in order that they may invest, the possibilities in the way of creating fresh investment funds will prove beyond the wildest imaginings of what might be the total investment fund in the country.

"Sensible economy practiced by the people will not mean stagnation in business.

With the Government seeking to

buy goods and services for itself and the allies to an amount approximating \$20,000,000,000 a year, there can be no idleness. There can only be the most extreme activity in nearly all lines of industry.

"I doubt very much—and I express this only as a personal view—that the Government will be able to spend the total appropriated. Not because it may not be needed in the promotion of the war, but because it will be impossible to produce the goods.

"There will be a most imperative necessity that people analyze their expenditures, and buy nothing but what is needful; not so much that they may save money to lend to the Government, as that they must save manpower from doing unnecessary work.

"All this is not going to bring stagnation to business. The government's activities, the complete labor employment, high wages, commercial activity. Business will be greater than ever before; but it will be somewhat different in character.

"The maker of unnecessary luxuries may suffer for the time being, but he, and all of us, must recognize that we can not go on producing all the things, necessary and unnecessary, that we have been producing, and in addition produce \$20,000,000,000 worth of other things for the Government.

"The war is going to reveal our financial resources in such proportion that their extent will astound the world. It is going to extend a knowledge of investments to millions of people who never before saw a security. It will start habits of thrift which should take deep root in our national character, and will produce a profound effect upon our national lives long after the war is victoriously ended.

Certain Cure For Croup.

Mrs. Rose Middleton, of Greenville, Ill., has had experience in the treatment of this disease. She says: "When my children were small my son had croup frequently. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy always broke up these attacks immediately, and I was never without it in the house. I have taken it myself for coughs and colds with good results."

GERMAN PROPAGANDISTS ARE BUSY IN MEXICO

Enarez, Mexico, November 4.—Propaganda favoring neutrality for Mexico in the European war is being circulated by Germans in Mexico City and Chihuahua City, in order to counteract the efforts of Gen. Pablo Gonzalez and others to have Mexico declare in favor of the entente allies against Germany.

Copies of El Democrata of Mexico City and El Herald del Norte of Chihuahua City received here contain long comments on Gen. Francisco Murgula's recent declarations in favor of strict neutrality and also warnings that "100,000 men would have to be sent to Europe should Mexico join the allies." Both of these newspapers are believed here to be subsidized by German agents.

Sloan's Liniment For Rheumatism.

The torture of rheumatism, the pains and aches that make life unbearable are relieved by Sloan's Liniment, a clean clear liquid that is easy to apply and more effective than musky plasters or ointments because it penetrates quickly without rubbing. For the many pains and aches following exposure, strains, sprains and muscle soreness, Sloan's Liniment is promptly effective. Always have a bottle handy for gout, lumbago, toothache, backache, stiff neck and all external pains. At druggists, 25c.

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP

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W. S. TINSLEY, Business Manager.

Sworn to and subscribed before me this 9th day of October, 1917.

J. H. THOMAS, N. P. Ohio, Co., Ky.

My commission expires Jan. 20, 1918.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

BLEVINS' RECORD RIVAL TO JAMES'

ONE OF HARVEY LOGAN GANG UNDER MURDER AND ROBBERY CHARGES.

Knoxville, Tenn., Nov. 3.—Rivaling the exploits of Jesse James were the thrilling experiences and adventures of Walter Blevins, alias Walter Curtis, alias Walter Dean, who has just been taken from this city to Anaconda, Mont., by Montana officers armed with requisition papers from Gov. T. C. Rye, of Tennessee, issued at the request of the Governor of Montana. Blevins will be placed on trial at Anaconda, charged with murder and highway robbery, and Montana officials here assert that his sensational career as an outlaw will end on the gallows at Anaconda.

Blevins belongs to the famous Harvey Logan clan, according to a letter now in possession of United States Attorney W. T. Kennedy, of Knoxville, said to have been written by Blevins. He was as clever as the burglar Raffles, as shown by the fact that once, while officers had an eye on him, he took a small wire used to clean his pipe and opened the lock on his manacles. Under plasters on his back were small saws and files, and he also had tools to cut prison bars in his belt. Numerous times he has proven that prison bars are no barrier to his liberty.

Have Not Learned Half.

Investigation by Secret Service men, postoffice inspectors and other Federal officers at Knoxville has disclosed deeds and crimes attributed to Blevins which are unparalleled in the most popular "Diamond Dick" and "Nick Carter" stories. And yet, they say, they have not learned half his career as a desperado. He covered up many of his crimes with extraordinary cunning.

Gold nuggets were stolen in Alaska by Blevins, and on this charges and jail-breaking at Juneau, Alaska, he was sentenced to the Federal penitentiary at Fort Leavenworth by the Territorial Court in Alaska.

He was released from Leavenworth Prison on October 15, 1916. He then went to Chattanooga and worked for two or three weeks as a structural steel worker on the Volunteer State Life Building. He quit that job about the middle of November, 1916, and visited his parents, who, it is said, lived about ten miles above Johnson City.

For two months he remained in upper East Tennessee. During that time the postoffice at Johnson City was entered, the vault therein, as well as the large safe inside the vault, were blown open with nitroglycerine and nearly \$10,000 worth of postage stamps and several hundred dollars in money stolen. A short time thereafter the postoffice at Piney Flats was broken into. Suspicion attracted to Blevins, altho the postoffice authorities had no direct proof of his connection with this robbery.

In the latter part of February, 1917, Blevins left East Tennessee and returned to Montana, where he had lived for several years before going to the penitentiary. While in Montana he was arrested by State authorities upon a minor charge and was given six months in jail. While in jail at Malta, Mont., he made his escape, in connection with two men, who it is claimed, were Western highwaymen.

Autos Held Up.

Shortly after his escape from jail in company with these men and another party, he went to Anaconda, and while at Anaconda this quartet held up ten or fifteen automobiles on a highway about three miles from Anaconda. These machines were loaded with people returning from a dance at a country club.

Because one of the parties, a prominent business man, failed to hold up his hands as quickly as Blevins ordered, it is claimed Blevins shot him and also shot a woman who did not respond immediately to his command. The man lived a few weeks and died. The woman recovered.

Officers pursued the robbers, who had commandeered an automobile, toward Butte and fired upon them a number of times and wounded one of them, who was afterwards captured in Butte; he was identified as one of the band, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to the penitentiary for life. Blevins made his escape and was afterwards recaptured at Minot, North Dakota, and returned to Malta, Montana, on the old charge for which he was serving a sentence when he escaped. It was claimed part of the stolen goods and jewelry was found on him.

Blevins Confesses.

Blevins confessed to the robbery of the Johnson City postoffice at Malta, Montana, and before the Montana State authorities suspected that he was connected with the Anaconda robbery he was brought to Tennessee for trial for the Johnson City robbery of the \$10,000 in postage stamps and several hundred dollars in money.

He was tried on the charge at the session of the United States District Court in September, at Greenville, Tenn., when he repudiated his alleged confession, claiming it was forced from him by the Sheriff in Montana, and Federal Government being unable to rebut his claim, at that time, he was acquitted by the jury, there being no other evidence of his robbing the Johnson City post office, except his repudiated confession.

While in jail in Greenville a small boy in the cell showed Blevins a saw. Blevins told the boy that the saw was no good for cutting bars, and showed him some better ones which he had in his belt. He told the boy that if, when he got out, he would get some nitroglycerine and smuggle it into him he would pay the boy \$5 and would use the explosive to kill the guard and also blow up part of the prison, so that other prisoners could escape. The boy was scared and "squealed" to Federal officers.

An Old Man's Stomach.

As we grow older and less active, less and less food is required to meet the demands of our bodies. If too much is habitually taken, the stomach will rebel. When a man reaches the advanced age of 55 or 60, you will find that he is a light eater. Be as careful as you will, however, you will occasionally eat more than you should and will feel the need of Chamberlain's Tablets to correct the disorder. These tablets do not contain poison, but strengthen the stomach and enable it to perform its functions naturally. They also cause a gentle movement of the bowels.

7 INTERRED GERMAN WHO ESCAPED CAUGHT

New Haven, Conn., November 4.—Seven German sailors, said to have been part of the crews of the Vaterland and other interred German steamships and who escaped from New York and Jersey City piers some time ago, were arrested at Nor Haven last night by local authorities.

VIOLENT OUTBREAK IN BRAZIL AGAINST GERMAN

Rio Janeiro, Nov. 3.—Popular manifestations against German business houses in this city assumed a violent character to-day. The damage was heavy. Anti-German outbreaks also are reported from Curitiba and Sao Paulo. The guard detachments over the Central Railway of Brazil have been doubled. All officers have been recalled to their barracks and furloughs suspended. A spy, whose nationality is not publicly known, has been arrested in Rio Janeiro.

In response to the demand for reprisals against German aggressions the President of the republic has sent to the Congress a message containing the following recommendations:

First: Annulment of contracts for public works entered into with Germans; second, prohibition of new land concessions to German subjects; third, control of German banks and eventual annulment of their license; the extension of these measures to German commercial firms; fourth, prohibition of the transfer of ownership of German properties; fifth, the internment of German suspects.

The message adds that authorization is given to the members of the cabinet to take without restriction the necessary measures for the efficiency of the military organization of the republic. The parliamentary Diplomatic Committee will meet this evening to discuss the measures.

There is violent indignation among the members of the Chambers and the Brazilian people over Germany's actions.

You Need a Spring Laxative.

Dr. King's New Life Pills will remove the accumulated wastes of winter from your intestines, the burden of the blood. Get that sluggish spring fever feeling out of your system, brighten your eye, clear your complexion. Get that vim and snap of good purified healthy blood. Dr. King's New Life Pills are a non-gripping laxative that aids nature's process, try them to-night. At all druggists, 25c.

21 NEGRO HOUSTON RIOTERS IDENTIFIED

San Antonio, Tex., Nov. 4.—When the court martial trial of the sixty-three negroes of the Twenty-fourth Infantry, charged with mutiny, murder and rioting at Houston August 23 last, adjourned yesterday until Monday, it was indicated that most of the testimony concerning happenings in Camp Logan before the negroes marched on the city had been given.

The mutinous events in the camp, during which negroes disobeyed commands of officers and rushed the ammunition tents, procuring rifles and ammunition; fired hundreds of shots

in the camp while they believed a mob of Houston civilians was about to attack them and their hasty exit from the camp toward the city, have been narrated in detail during the first three days of the trial.

21 Have Been Identified.

Sgt. Henry, a negro who was killed the night of the riot, was very active in organizing the negroes to leave camp before the shooting-up of Houston, according to witnesses today.

Twenty-one negroes among the 63 defendants have been identified in court by witnesses as having been

Ladies Coat Suits

Hub Clothing Co.

HARTFORD, KY.

The Beautiful Gulf Coast

A REAL PLAYGROUND

The beautiful Gulf Coast, between New Orleans and Pensacola is that it is a real playground, summer or winter—a playground for northern folks from November to May, and for Southern during the summer months. You can't ask for much more of placid nature than has been expended on the Gulf littoral between New Orleans and Pensacola. There are pine woods, forests of live oaks, all moss hung and mysterious, long stretches of winding, shaded roads, woodland paths, quaint southern hamlets and modern resorts teeming with gaily and active life; lovely retreats where you can swing in a hammock all day and drowse in the narcotic air. And there is the sparkling water, the beach, the surf, boating, fishing—anything and everything that calls from the salt water side.

Going south on the Louisville & Nashville Railroad, after you leave Mobile, it is impossible to escape the infection of joyous living, even if you wanted to do that. At every stop throngs of people are going and coming—youth and age alike, getting on or off the trains. Laughter and breezy, sunny, fragrant air greet you. It is moreover a place of sane, natural outdoor joys in surroundings of homely comfort or of luxurious ease, whichever you prefer. It is a locality of ancient and honorable traditions and the natives are descended from holders of the soil since the first days of the white settler. They make you welcome with a stately, southern hospitality, and have put at your disposal the best their home land affords. Every resort and every old plantation home is shaded by age-old ancestral oaks and grown over with trailing vines, roses and perennials; and they all look out over the gulf waters, at the dancing waves, the scudding sails, the beach and the surf. If you can't find happiness down there in the golden sunshine and among the countless diversions and attractions of that playground, don't go south in the winter expecting to find your "Promised Land," for you'll have only your trouble for your pains. No choicer spot exists and greater comfort is not to be found. The winter climate is ideal, not uncomfortably warm, but moderate and bracing, putting snap and ginger into the system.

Touring along the Gulf Coast is one of the ways travelers take to find their own particular choice—and for this purpose the train service of the Louisville & Nashville Railroad is convenient. You can stop everywhere, beginning at Mobile, and stay a few hours, a few days or as long as you wish. It is a fascinating vagabondage that will bring you eventually to the place of your ultimate desire. You can, also, if you choose, ship your motor-car to Mobile and go in for regular touring along the gulf—the roads are all good and the country is fascinating in the extreme. History lends its background of fact to a long list of interesting traditions and romantic legends concerning this locality, and the "atmosphere," while wholly American, has the foreign flavor in sufficient degree to give it diversity and variety. Topographically, the coast lies low and curving, rising gently toward the hinterland, which is forested with pines, broken in the clearings, by rich and productive farmlands. The shore line is much indented, the numerous bays, "bays," "sounds" and lakes giving a seemingly endless and all-sundering waterway. Lying off the shore is a line of islands, forming the outer bulwark of Mississippi Sound, and fronting this are the resorts that have been famous since pre-revolutionary days—the towns which began as of the French colonies, begun under the brothers de Bienville and d'Iberville.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

In the camp while they believed a mob of Houston civilians was about to attack them and their hasty exit from the camp toward the city, have been narrated in detail during the first three days of the trial.

Among important matters yet to be testified about are the happenings in the city of Houston, where twenty-two lives were lost following the march of the negro soldiers on that city. No civilians yet have testified with reference to any phase of the riot.

Negro non-commissioned officers of the Twenty-fourth Infantry who were in the camp the night of the trouble and who testified to assisting their commanding officers in various ways, such as checking up to determine those absent from camp, were the chief witnesses today.

Statements of these witnesses made relative to numerous and riotous conditions in camp were similar to those made by their commanding officers who have preceded them on the stand. All of the soldiers who were detailed to guard the ammunition tents were knocked down by the negroes in the rush for ammunition, they testified.

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Used 40 Years

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

Sold Everywhere

DR. J. H. THORPE
EYE, EAR, THROAT, NOSE
And Fitting of Glasses
Masontown Temple, OWENSBORO, KY.

engaged in various unlawful actions on the night of the riot.

Some of these were seen procuring ammunition, some leaving camp, others were heard to make threats or to be engaged in other unlawful activities and some others were checked up as missing and later seen in Houston or returning to camp early in the morning.

SHORT WORK IS MADE OF TEUTONS

NOT EVEN FIT FOR PIGS—CAP-
TIVES KICKED, CRUSED AND
ABUSED.

Toronto, Nov. 3.—First hand reports of brutalities practiced and conditions in German prison camps, particularly at Gottingen, Hanover, were given here today by Corporal Alexander Yetman and Allen MacDaniel, Toronto Highlanders who were captured at St. Julien in April, 1915. They were prisoners in Germany nineteen months, but when they became ill because of starvation, they were returned home through Switzerland.

"Back from the grave, that's me," said Corporal Yetman. "I was fifteen months at Gottingen and three months at Mannheim, when I was waiting to be sent to Switzerland. I weighed 165 pounds when I was captured and because of poor food, bad treatment and conditions of the camp, I lost weight and was down to ninety-eight pounds when I was sent to Switzerland in August, 1916. There I started to pick up and I now weigh 145. I came home with tuberculosis. The gas and the poor food brought it, and it was a wonder I did not die. The food was not fit for pigs, and I doubt if they would eat it."

"I saw Ambassador Gerard, of the United States, at Mannheim camp. He visited the place and made an inspection, but the things fixed things up when he came. I am sure he did good work in connection with making things better."

"We were often hit, punished and kicked and called 'pigs and swine.' Now and then we could walk to town if we liked, but they made us walk in the middle of the road, for we could not walk on the sidewalks beside the Germans, and they jeered at us and called us vile names."

"A chum of mine was sent away to the Sile mines. He came back with sores on his legs from work and because he came back they put him in prison."

"When you asked a guard for a cup of water, a German Red Cross nurse would knock it out of your hand and throw the cup on the ground. We had to sleep on the floor of the huts. We had no change of clothing and when we were wet to the skin we had to keep our clothes on."

"The prisoners get no justice, and the food was wretched," declared MacDaniel, who was wounded and rassed at St. Julien and who was fifteen months in Gottingen.

"They worked me pretty hard," he said. "I was on the pick and shovel gang working on the roads, and then on Bismarck's tomb, which is two miles from Gottingen. This tomb is a huge one of brick and stone erected to the memory of the Prussian war lord. I refused to work once and was put in prison for nine days in a dark cell, under close confinement, and fed on bread and water."

"At first conditions were terrible, but they got better when our parcels were sent, but the Germans did nothing to feed us properly—just soup, soup, soup—that's all."

How's This?

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Medicine. Hall's Catarrh Medicine has been taken by catarrh sufferers for the past thirty-five years, and has become known as the most reliable remedy for Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Medicine acts thru the Blood on the mucous surface, expelling the poison from the Blood and healing the diseased portions. After you have taken Hall's Catarrh Medicine for a short time you will see a great improvement in your general health. Start taking Hall's Catarrh Medicine at once and get rid of catarrh. Send for testimonials free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio. Sold by all Druggists.

SINK SHIPS AND SHUT LIFEBOATS

London, Nov. 5.—An appalling story of cold-blooded massacres by Germans of crews of British North Sea convoys in a recent battle is told by the Norwegian newspapers. The Tidsskriftet said the German cruisers were observed at 6 o'clock in the morning and were thought to be British vessels but at 7 o'clock when there was more light, they suddenly began shooting and the convoy was terrified to see the British destroyer at the stern of the convoy began to sink, although it fought to the end. The German cruisers, after signalling the vessels to stop, advanced on each side of the convoy, which they swept with all their guns at a range of less than 200 yards.

The German destroyers came up and helped to spread death and destruction on the defenseless ships, shells falling thick and fast. The Germans were not content to sink the ships but shelled the lifeboats, and every living thing coming their way was ruthlessly slaughtered.

high sea which was running, making the boats a difficult mark.

In the midst of the massacre another British destroyer came up and immediately attacked, but was soon sunk in the unequal struggle. The German flotilla then cruised backward and forward among the sinking steamers, pouring a fresh and terrible rain of shells at a range of 100 yards. One shell went thru the Swedish ship Windar, exploding in a lifeboat on the other side, and killing all its occupants, fourteen men and three women.

The other lifeboat rowed back to rescue the captain and two waitresses from the wreck. A shell struck the boat and killed five of her occupants, only the mate escaping by swimming. The Windar was a mass of flames and the two girls jumped into the sea. The captain was saved by clinging to wreckage. As the two young women were sinking, an English ship hoisted the white flag. The answer of the Germans was a shot which killed both girls. Twelve men of another ship had just got into the lifeboat when a shell killed them all.

Sudden changes of temperature and underwear bring spring colds with stuffed up head, sore throat and general symptoms. A dose of Dr. King's New Discovery is sure relief, this happy combination of antiseptic balsams clears the head, soothes the irritated membranes and what might have been a lingering cold is broken up. Don't stop treatment when relief is first felt as a half cured cold is dangerous. Take Dr. King's New Discovery till your cold is gone.

DESTROYERS ARE BEST ANTIDOTE FOR U-BOATS

London, Nov. 5.—Having completed their tour of the English shires, Senators Kenyon, of Iowa, and Kenrick, of Wyoming, this morning went into conference with Vice Admiral Sims, commander of the American destroyer squadron. After the conference Senator Kenyon said:

"We are convinced destroyers are the best antidote for U-boats. We cannot have too many of them. The additional destroyers and the hundreds of thousands of tons of new shipping which England and the United States are turning out will in time overcome the U-boat."

Every facility was given to the Senators for obtaining first hand information regarding England's ship-building efforts, which they said were colossal. They were especially interested in the new standard ships, which are being turned out rapidly.

On their way back to London, the Senators were taken to a munitions plant, where they saw a group of thirty-six Americans making munitions with American machinery. To-night the Senators had dinner with Vice Admiral Sims and Ambassador Page at the Ambassador's home.

To-morrow they will investigate the workings of the British conscription in all its phases.

Bad Colds From Sudden Changes.

Spring brings all kinds of weather and with it comes colds and the revival of winter coughs and hoarseness. Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey will head off a new cold or stop the old one, the soothing balsams relieve the sore throat and heal the irritated tissues. Get a bottle to-day and start treatment at once. At your druggist, 25c. Formula on the bottle.

ALLEGED CARRIER OF GERMAN MESSAGES CAUGHT

El Paso, Tex., November 4.—After being given leave of absence for three months by the commander of the German merchant fleet interned at Santa Rosalia, Mexico, Ernest Lohndorff, a German subject, was arrested yesterday when he attempted to cross to the United States from Juarez. He was arrested on a presidential warrant wired from Washington, and is being held by Department of Justice agents, pending an investigation.

That he carried messages from Von Eckhardt, German ambassador at Mexico City, to German consuls in other Mexican cities, is the charge made against Lohndorff. He admitted, government agents say, having carried these messages.

United States Government agents here have received reports that a number of the German sailors on the ships interned at Santa Rosalia, Lower California, have been granted shore leave and now are working in Mexican munition factories. Several of the sailors have been held by United States agents here when they attempted to cross from Juarez to the United States.

It is believed by government representatives that many of the German subjects have been carrying messages from Von Eckhardt to German subjects in the United States. After delivering these messages they, in turn, are believed to convey messages from German subjects from Juarez to Von Eckhardt at Mexico City.

MANY OFFICERS WILL BE HELD IN RESERVE

Washington, Nov. 5.—Men recommended for commissions at the close of the second series of officers' training camps will be called into active service only as there is actual need for them. Explaining the War Department's policy to-day Secretary Baker said it had always been the purpose to build up a reserve of officers by means of the camps, and while some of the second camp men will be needed at once, the indications are that a majority of them will be held on the inactive list until the next increment of the National army is organized.

Mr. Baker said he did not know when that would be. The understanding has been that the next call will come soon after the first of the year.

The requirements of the second 500,000 will take up all the graduates of the second series of camps, officials believe, and also a part of those from the third series, to be supplied mainly from the ranks. The remainder of the third camp men will then constitute the main body of the Officers' Reserve Corps, to be called out for duty as needed.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 3, 1917. Fairfax Harrison, Chairman, Railroads' War Board, authorizes following statement:

"The Railroads' War Board has received reports indicating that the efforts of the railroads and coal shippers to prevent the threatening coal shortage in the Northwest during the coming winter has been more successful than seemed possible during the summer. With five weeks or more left before the close of navigation on the Great Lakes, 23,348,100 of the 29,000,000 tons, which it is estimated will be required, have already been sent to the Northwest. The Commission on War Service is now directing efforts to the work of insuring an adequate coal supply for domestic and industrial uses of coal in all other sections of the country. While a greater supply of coal has been mined and shipped than ever before, the difficulty today is that the consumption all over the country is greater than ever before."

For a Weak Stomach.

As a general rule all you need to do is to adopt a diet suited to your age and occupation and to keep your bowels regular. When you feel that you have eaten too much and when constipated, take one of Chamberlain's Tablets.

New Tobacco Firm Formed.

Owensboro, Ky., Nov. 5.—The Green River Leaf Tobacco Company was organized in Owensboro to-day with a capital stock of \$200,000. The incorporators are J. M. Vaughn, R. E. O'Flynn, Jay O'Flynn, all of Owensboro, and G. O. Tuck and J. M. Buckner, of Louisville. The new concern owns two large warehouses in Owensboro and is now installing a drying plant. Buckner and Tuck are among the best-known tobacco people in Kentucky.

EARLY DRAFT MOVEMENT INDICATED BY CROWDER

Frankfort, Ky., Nov. 5.—All the Kentucky draft men will be in camp before December 1. Provost Marshal General Crowder in a communication to Adjutant General J. Tandy Ellis stated that he expects to order all the remaining draft men to the cantonment during November. No order for them to report, however, has been received.

Japan Lends China \$10,000,000.

Tokio, Nov. 3.—The Finance Department has announced the signing of a loan to China of an amount equivalent to \$10,000,000. The money is to be applied to the rehabilitation of the Communications Bank of China, and is secured by Chinese Republic treasury bonds. The interest rate is seven and one-half per cent and the term three years.

AIRMEN DROP MESSAGES OFFERING ITALY PEACE

Rome, Nov. 4.—Udine and other towns in the invaded districts are being placarded with messages announcing the peaceful intentions of the Austro-German forces. Airplanes also are dropping handbills along the Tagliamento River offering peace, according to Deputy Girardini, who has just returned from these districts, which he represents in Parliament. Last summer Austrian airplanes dropped poisoned candy in these regions.

Children Cry FOR FLETCHER'S CASTORIA

CANADA TO SEND 10,000
MEN A MONTH OVERSEAS

Hamilton, Ont., November 4.—Under the compulsory military service law in Canada is...

at the rate of 10,000 every month, according to Maj. Gen. Newburn, minister of militia. He declared the conscription law had made it possible to raise at least 25,000 men in a few weeks, and that it would be the policy to give them their uniforms as rapidly as they are drafted and send them to England for training. The law provides for the raising of 100,000 men.

EYESIGHT RESTORED BY ARTIFICIAL PUPIL

Long Beach, Cal., Nov. 3.—As the result of a marvelous operation, J. E. Lenhart, of No. 2454 East Fourth Street, this city, who has been blind for twenty years, can now see and make trips about town without the aid of his thirteen-year-old daughter, Doris, whom he saw recently for the first time.

Lenhart lost the sight of his left eye when a young man. A film grew over the other eye, and caused total blindness. Recently it was decided that there was sight in the right eye, if only the light could be admitted. Physicians successfully installed an artificial pupil, thru which Lenhart sees instead of thru the original one.

MINERS TOLD TO WORK OR LOSE THEIR UNION CARDS

Bellaire, Ohio, November 4.—"Return to work or lose your union cards," officials of the United Mine Workers of America told recalcitrant miners here Friday.

"We will countenance no such action which can only be classified as a help to the enemy," said the officials.

WOMAN, 94, WHO WAS SPY FOR CONFEDERATES, DIES

New Orleans, La., November 4.—Mrs. Ananias Marie Ducayet Simms, 94 years old, one of the most daring women spies in the Confederate Army, died here Friday.

She figured in many important operations in the civil war, and, with her small son, who always accompanied her, was twice captured. Each time she was released, having succeeded in destroying evidence of her mission.

Experience proves that the Free-Trade Tariff system continually operates to levy the bulk of its taxation upon the earnings of domestic industry, and only a trifling portion of it upon accumulated wealth, while the Protective Tariff system operates to levy the bulk of its taxation upon accumulated wealth, and only a trifling part of it on the earnings of industry.

CASTORIA For Infants and Children In Use For Over 30 Years

Always bears
the
Signature of

COURT DIRECTORY.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Judge—R. W. Slack, Owensboro.

Com'tl. Attorney—C. E. Smith, Hartford.

Clerk—A. C. Porter, Hartford.

Master Commissioner—Otto C. Martin, Hartford.

Trustee Jury Fund—Cal P. Keown, Hartford.

1st Monday in March—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

1st Monday in May—12 days—Civil.

1st Monday in July—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

3d Monday in September—12 days—Civil.

4th Monday in November—12 days—Com'th. and Civil.

COUNTY COURT.

Meets first Monday in each month.

Judge—John B. Wilson.

County Atty.—A. D. Kirk.

Clerk—W. C. Blankenship.

Sheriff—S. O. Keown.

Superintendent—Ozma Shulte.

Jailer—W. P. Midkiff.

Assessor—C. C. Hines.

Surveyor—C. S. Moxley.

Coroner—Dr. A. H. Riley.

FISCAL COURT.

Meets Tuesday after first Monday in January, April and October.

1st Magisterial District—Ed Shown, Hartford, Route 7.

2d Magisterial District—Wilson Smith, Select.

3d Magisterial District—W. S. Dean, Dundee.

4th Magisterial District—S. W. Leach, Beaver Dam, Route 3.

5th Magisterial District—S. L. Fulkerson, Rockport.

6th Magisterial District—R. C. Tichenor, Centertown.

7th Magisterial District—B. F. Rice, ...

Children Cry for Fletcher's

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of *Charles H. Fletcher* and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. For more than thirty years it has been in constant use for the relief of Constipation, Flatulency, Wind Colic and Diarrhoea; allaying Feverishness arising therefrom, and by regulating the Stomach and Bowels, aids the assimilation of Food; giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS

Bears the Signature of

Charles H. Fletcher

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

Starck Pianos



P. A. STARCK
PRESIDENT



STARCK PIANO CO.
CHICAGO.

No Money in Advance—Satisfaction Guaranteed—Lowest Net Factory Prices—Easiest Terms—A Saving of \$100 to \$200—From Factory Direct

30 DAYS' FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

We will ship you a beautiful Starck Piano for 30 days' free trial, in your home. No cash payment required. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will, in that event, pay the freight both ways. The Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More

We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

25-Year Guarantee

Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it over 35 years of plant experience, and the reputation of an old-established, responsible piano house.

50 Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give free music lessons, in one of the best known schools in Chicago. These lessons you can take in your own home, by mail. This represents one year's free instruction.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1343 Starck Bldg., CHICAGO

Easy Payments

You pay no cash down, but after 30 days of trial, you can begin payment on the lowest, easiest terms ever suggested by a piano manufacturer. These terms are arranged to suit your convenience, and it is possible for you to buy a piano for your home, without missing the money.

Starck Player-Pianos

Starck Player-Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be delighted with the many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

Piano Book Free

Send today for our new beautifully illustrated piano book which gives you a large amount of information regarding pianos. This book will interest and please you. Write today.

Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

2nd-Hand Bargains

We have constantly on hand a large number of slightly used and second-hand pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos. The following are a few sample bargains:

Weber \$110.00

Steinway 92.00

Chickering 90.00

Kimball 95.00

Starck 195.00

Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

Starck Pianos are the best and most beautiful Player-Pianos on the market. You will be delighted with the many exclusive features of these wonderful instruments, and will be pleased with the very low prices at which they can be secured.

Piano Book Free

Send today for our new beautifully illustrated piano book which gives you a large amount of information regarding pianos. This book will interest and please you. Write today.

Send for our latest complete second-hand bargain list.

2nd-Hand Bargains

We have constantly on hand a large number of slightly used and second-hand pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos. The following are a few sample bargains:

Hartford Republican.

Published Weekly by
HARTFORD PRINTING COMPANY
Incorporated
C. E. SMITH, President
W. S. TINSLEY, Sec.-Treas.

JOHN HENRY THOMAS, Editor
W. S. TINSLEY, Associate Editor
and Business Manager.

Entered according to law at the Postoffice
Hartford, Ky., as second class matter of the second
class.

Address all communications to
The Hartford Republican.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS
Subscribers desiring the paper sent to a new
address must give the old address in making the
request.
Business Letters and Notices for per line and for
line for each additional insertion.
Obituaries, Resolutions and Card of Thanks,
free, money in advance.
Outside Notices for services free, but other
advertisements, for per line.
Anonymous communications will receive no
attention.

TELEPHONES.
Hartford 123
Farmers' Mutual 59

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9

And Ollie James made a speech in
Louisville.

Did the Democrats of Daviess and
Jefferson counties use pencils too?

Less politics and more news will
be the policy of this paper after this
week.

"Gangsters" did you say? What
did the Democratic Court of Appeals
say, brother? Tell it all please.

We were sorry to see our old friend
and neighbor, Newt, Balize, singled
out for the first slaughter by the
Democratic leaders.

We hope the temper of our neigh-
bor, the Herald, will improve by next
week that we may again live together
in peace and amity.

While spending a few weeks in
Ohio county recently, a Washington
lawyer got some valuable lessons in
Kentucky election laws.

The county officials elected by the
people Tuesday are capable and com-
petent and no citizen of the county
will ever have cause to regret their
election.

Where ever an election was held,
Tuesday, whether in a metropolitan
city or an obscure rural village, the
Democratic national administration
was rebuffed at the polls.

After the Court of Appeals got
through with Judge Rhea's decision
in the Ohio county ballot case, the
Rhea instrument looked like a pro-
tested check on the Bank of Hard
Luck.

The Democratic candidates at the
recent election and the rank and file
of the party as well, will carry a
lasting grievance against a bunch of
stupid leaders who advised them not
to file their certificates of nomina-
tion.

A Democratic official from Wash-
ington lost about three weeks of
Uncle Sam's time in Ohio county
getting some "pep" in the Demo-
cratic campaign, or rather putting
pepper in the eyes of Democratic
candidates.

If the Democrats had performed
their plain duty and filed their cer-
tificates of nomination at the proper
time it would have saved the Hart-
ford Herald much valuable ink it
has devoted to denouncing, so-called
Republican trickery.

The Owensboro Messenger said
that some action of the Ohio coun-
ty Republicans was meeting with in-
dignant protest of honest men, even
in Owensboro and Daviess county.
And we would like to inquire what
indignant protest in Daviess county
elected for the first time in its his-
tory, a Republican Sheriff and Coun-
ty Judge.

It was all right from the view
point of the Democratic clique to ge-
rrymander the county into Magisterial
districts, under the forms of law, but
when the law denying the candi-
dates who failed to file their cer-
tificates of nomination the right to
have their names printed on the bal-
lot was invoked, it was all wrong
with the clique.

We challenge the Hartford Herald
to give a plain unequivocal answer
to this very pertinent question: If
the Democratic candidates had filed
their certificates of nomination
with the county clerk within the
proper time limit as the Court of
Appeals has declared it was their
duty to do, would you now have any
ground to make against the Repu-
blicans in the matter of their go-
ing on the ballot? No, you will not
dare to answer it.

The Hartford Herald is much ex-
cused because the Republicans em-
ployed a Democratic lawyer in the
recent ballot cases, and we rise to re-
mark that had the Democrats em-
ployed a good Republican lawyer,
like Heavrin, Smith or Martin, they
would have saved the Republicans
much trouble and themselves a pro-
fitable sum of cash.

"Underhand methods of the gang-
sters" and "Thugs" are among the
terms used by the Hartford Herald
referring to the Republican leaders
in Ohio county. These leaders need
no defense, but for the dignity and
decency of the newspaper profession
we regret to see our neighbor, smart-
ing under the sting of defeat, indulg-
ing such coarse and vulgar epithets
at its fellow citizens.

Except for the Democratic frenzy
in dragging their women folks to the
polls, the election in Ohio county
Tuesday was a rather tame affair.
The fact that there was no Demo-
cratic ticket to be voted for, and the
known fact that the Democratic pe-
cil voting would have been void, even
in the event of their candidates re-
ceiving the highest number of votes,
took all interest out of the election
for the Republicans, and they voted
rather from force of habit, than
from any anxiety about the result.

It was perfectly fair for a Demo-
cratic Clerk in Breckinridge county
to refuse to put the name of Republi-
can candidate Brody on the official
ballot because he had not filed his
certificate of nomination; it is emi-
nently proper for a Democratic Sec-
retary of State to refuse for the same
reason to allow Uncle Bill Allen's
name to go upon the ballot, and it
was a fine carriage of justice for a
Democratic Legislature to unseat
Allen after he had been elected by
the lead pencil method, but when
Blankenship observed the same law
—then it is different.

Judge Slack, after having been
lambasted fore and aft by all of the
Democratic papers within circulation
distance of this neck of the
woods, for his decision in the case of
the Ohio County Democrats vs.
Claude Blankenship, wherein the
Democratic candidates failed to com-
ply with a plain provision of the law
and tried to force Blankenship to vi-
olate the law, SIX DEMOCRATIC
MEMBERS OF THE HIGHEST
COURT IN THE LAND ESPECIALLY
APPROVE OF EACH AND EVERY
ACT AND RULING made by
Judge Slack, saying in no uncertain
terms that Blankenship was right
and that the Judge's decision in the
case was strictly according to law
and equity.

A War Works Council has been or-
ganized in Ohio county. This is a
move which should meet with the
hearty approval and support of ev-
ery individual within our confines.
The work is under three heads: Re-
ligious, Educational and Recreation.
It is planned to create a fund and
means for furnishing the best of re-
ligious surroundings, means for in-
structing our unfortunate illiterate
soldiers and for supplying good and
wholesome recreation and pleasure.
The lot of these boys is, and will be,
hard enough at best. Thousands and
thousands of men placed together
away from, and beyond home cares
and ties, especially where only the
worst is the quicker to come into
their lives, is something to be fought
against, so let's all get behind this
move to throw around our boys the
very best influences possible to at-
tain. We can only do this by a united
effort with a portion of our means
and a part of our time. Be ready
to help a hit when called upon,
whether it be money, work or other
sacrifice.

We shall be glad to see the day
when our Democratic contemporaries
will feel a larger sense of respon-
sibility in making campaign state-
ments. False statements may bolster
up a poor cause and result in some
temporary partisan advantage, but
it must be done at the expense of a
newspaper making a misleading
statement, and to the discredit of the
newspaper profession in general.
During the recent campaign the
Courier-Journal and Owensboro Mes-
senger carried many false statements
in regard to matters in Ohio county.
These papers said in regard to the
Allen county case that the Court of
Appeals had decided that it was the
duty of the County Clerk to place
the names of candidates on the bal-
lot whether or not they had filed
their certificates of nomination. These
papers or their correspondents re-
porting for them, knew they were

deliberately lying and were willing
to do so for partisan advantage.
These papers also said that County
Clerk Blankenship had arbitrarily re-
fused to place the names of the
Democratic candidates upon the bal-
lot when they knew or should have
known that the Court of Appeals had
repeatedly held that the Clerk had
a right to place the name of a can-
didate on the ballot who had not fil-

ed with him his certificate of acmi-
nation within the prescribed time.
Such misstatements made to mislead
the public are a disgrace to the news-
paper profession. A cause that can
not bear the torch of truth should be
abandoned.

WAS IT A SKIN GAME?

The conviction in the minds of
Ohio county Republicans is almost
universal that the Democratic man-
agers in failing to comply with a
mandatory statute requiring the can-
didates to file certificates of nomi-
nation in order to get their names upon
the ballot was an attempt at elec-
tion crookedness. It is pointed out
that this law had been in operation
for twenty-five years and that it is in-
conceivable that the Democratic
leaders could have been ignorant of
it. It is also remarked that in the
suit filed before Judge Slack they set
out in the petition that they were not
required to file certificates of nomi-
nation, and that they had been so ad-
vised. This apparently shows that
the matter had been under full dis-
cussion and that they were not ig-
norant of the legal requirement.
Since the Hartford Herald supports
this by quoting the decisions of some
inferior courts it is supposed that the
Democratic managers hoped to throw
the responsibility for the failure of
their candidates to get on the ballot
upon County Clerk Blankenship, and
then go into the courts and get an
order requiring him to place them on
and in this manner discredit Mr.
Blankenship and the Republican par-
ty. But the Court of Appeals, altho
Democratic, does not play petty poli-
tics, and blocked the game.

DENTAL WORK.

Dr. Fred S. Reed, of Louisville, is
now located in Bank Building, Mc-
Henry, Ky., ready to do all kinds of
modern dental work. Your tooth
troubles quickly remedied. 1944

NO "SPURIOUS VERSEKNT."

"It is announced in the press that
Postmaster General Burleson may or
may not make public the names of
the newspapers he has suppressed
under the authority vested in him
by virtue of an act of the recent ses-
sion of Congress. Mr. Burleson
should not delude himself with the
notion that this is a matter in which
only he and the suppressed newspa-
per publishers are interested. Ev-
ery American who believes in the
freedom of the press wants to know
who has been silenced and why.

"If there are seditious newspapers
in the country, every loyal citizen
of the United States wants the se-
dition effectively silenced. If there
are any traitors in the United States,
every loyal citizen wants them ap-
prehended and properly punished. But
no true lover of liberty wants the
punishment of traitors or the sup-
pression of seditious journals con-
ducted behind closed doors. Dis-
crepancy publicity will do much to
discourage disloyalty.

"The danger to the public lies in
the fact that if the Postmaster Gen-
eral can secretly suppress a newspa-
per that is actually seditious in its
utterances, he can also secretly sup-
press papers not actually seditious
though deemed so by the judgment
of a partisan politician.

"Spurious verseknt," or slunk with-
out trace, is an expression made odious
by its application to the German
policy in sinking ships. We loath
such a policy with every degree of
loathing it is possible for us to feel.
It is a policy out of place in any civi-
lized nation, whether applied to
men or to the business upon which
men depend for a livelihood.

"Quite likely the facts justify sup-
pression of the papers against which
Mr. Burleson has proceeded. As to
that he is not now nor ever will be
the proper exclusive judge. The final
appeal for judgment is to public
opinion, and neither the Postmaster
General nor the President himself
has a right to deprive the public of
the opportunity to form an opinion.
If Mr. Burleson is right, he will have
the approval of public opinion; if he
is wrong he will have its disapproval.

"But he must not maintain a pol-
icy of 'spurious verseknt.'"

Masons Get Message From East.
Hickman, Ky., Nov. 6.—The Hick-
man Masonic Lodge is in receipt of
an interesting letter from the Royal
Arch Masons of Paducah. The let-
ter was written December 27, 1851,
by the Hickman chapter to the Paducah
chapter. It was written before
envelopes were in use, folded and
sealed with a wax wafer. The post-
age, 5 cents, was paid to the post-
master here, but no stamp was used.
A similar letter was mailed from
Troy, Tenn., September 3, 1850, ask-
ing the consent of Paducah to con-
fer work on George Shucks, of Hick-
man. None of the men who were
officers of the lodge then are living.
Although 67 years old, these papers
are remarkably preserved.

Revs. Fuqua and Maddox are con-
ducting a series of meetings at
Tun.

We have arranged for a
series of six interesting articles,
"War Talks, by Uncle Dan,"
written by Mr. Howard H.
Gross, president of the Univer-
sity Military Training League, of
which this is the first. They tell
in a graphic way why military
training is of value, both to the
nation and to the individual, and
our readers will find them of
unusual interest.

WAR TALKS

By UNCLE DAN

Number One

America Must Fight Hard or Germany
May Win—Necessity for Mil-
itary Training.

"Now, Billie," said his mother, "your
Uncle Dan is coming tomorrow to
spend a week with us on the farm, and
if you want to know about the war,
here's your opportunity. Uncle Dan is
probably one of the best-informed men
in the country." Billie clapped his
hands and gave such a whoop that he
wakened the baby, but what could you
expect of a fifteen-year-old boy who is
a living interrogation point and wants
to know about war?

Uncle Dan arrived in due time and
Billie watched for an opportunity. It
came that evening after dinner when
Uncle Dan had lighted a cigar and
taken a seat on the porch.

"I'm mighty glad you came, Uncle
Dan. I want to talk to you about the
war. We have just put military train-
ing in our township high school, but
we had a hard time to do it. The
Joneses and the Griggs objected. They
said the war wouldn't come over here.
Grandma Jones said: 'They ain't no
use to worry, it will soon blow over.'
Well, we put the training in just the
same. You order heard Judge Brown-
nell, the president of the school board,
do the shuckers up. He said unless we
take off our coats and go to it, Ger-
many may yet win, and if she does, she
will take over the great British fleet as
a war trophy and compel us to do what
ever she wants to; that she could make
us pay all the cost of the war; the
kaiser could tax us as he pleased and
that we couldn't help ourselves. He
could make every one pay over a part
of what he earns; that he could make
the farmers pay rent for their own
farms, etc. Now, Uncle, what do you
think of that?"

"Well, my boy," said Uncle Dan,
"all that Judge Brownnell says might
easily come true and many unless we go
quickly to the aid of the allies with
large numbers of men and help them
break the German line. Unless we can
beat the submarines, they may pre-
vent us from getting enough food to
the allies to keep them going. In that
case Germany would win. As matters
stand today, our greatest need is
trained men. If we had had several
millions of men with military training
in our industries and on our farms
when the war came, who could
have been called at once for service, I
do not believe the kaiser would have
forced the war upon us. As it was, he
had no respect for us, and now we are
in it and must go through with it. But
never again must we be caught so
wholly unprepared.

"There is only one safe way," said
Uncle Dan, "and that is to adopt per-
manently universal military training,
apply it to every young man who is
physically fit, say in his nineteenth or
twentieth year. The training can be
carried forward in the United States
training camps that are now being es-
tablished for training men called by
the selective draft. As soon as these
men vacate these stations, they should
be filled by younger men, and this
should be made the permanent policy
of the country."

Billie's mother, Mrs. Graham, had
overheard the conversation. She came
out and said: "Really, Brother Dan,
are you serious as to the dangers of
our country? If it is as bad as that, it
is high time for us to wake up and do
something about it."

"Exactly," replied Uncle Dan, "it
is better to wake up now than to be
rudely awakened later. We may as
well understand, sister, that this is our
war and we must win it or lose it.
America. Everything that we have
or hope to have—our liberties, our
blessings, our opportunities are all in-
volved in the great issue before us.
Nothing must stand between us and
winning this war. It is a question
whether the peoples' right or the knav-
es' right shall dominate the world.
If there ever was a holy war, this is
it. We are fighting for world liberty.
We are fighting for the freedom of
humanity. We are fighting for the
right of men to govern themselves in-
stead of being governed against their
will by a war-mad overlord. Perilous
times are ahead of us. We must be
prepared to make any sacrifice, to per-
form any service that may be required
of us."

"Oh, Uncle Dan," exclaimed Billie,
"may I bring my chum, Jimmie Col-
lins, when we have our next talk? He
is a bug on this war business and just
crazy to see you."

"Certainly," said Uncle Dan, with a
heartily laugh. "If we are to have more
talks, I shall be glad to have Jimmie
join us."

Billie clapped his hands and ran to
the phone and told Jimmie to be over
at seven o'clock the next evening.

BEYOND COMPARE
MUNSING
WEAR



Munsing Union Suits

give you the most for your
money any way you figure it.
If you seek the highest quality
of fabric and finish you get it
in Munsingwear. If you seek
real economy—you get it in
Munsingwear. And if you are
looking for a perfect fit—and
have never been able to get it
before—try Munsingwear on
our guarantee of satisfaction.

The prices are low—the
range of styles and fabrics very
wide.

Carson & Co.

(Incorporated.)

STRAY STREAKS.

(By Fluke McFluke.)

We inspected the roasting outfit
of A. H. H. Hartford's popcorn king,
the other day and to our surprise,
found a piece of real butter as large
as a red bird's egg, off of which he
was seasoning his corn.

We never allow this column to get
into politics, or rather we don't per-
mit politics to slip into this column,
but we will bet from 1 to 6 bits
against a mussel shell button that
it will be in order to file certificates
of nomination in this community
from the year 1917 to some bit
hence.

John Henry Thomas, the main
chance on the editorial end of this
sheet, came out a very poor second
in a tilt with a tie wagon the other
morning. John mistook the bulk of
ties for a tank and therefore judged
it to be a water wagon and you know
all the constitutional sections Thom-
as ever read are in direct and bitter
opposition to the water carts.

The boss induced Arthur Petty to
come to this desert and succeeded
in keeping him at work on this paper
for about two weeks, but there was
absolutely nothing doing. This burg
is too burned dry to hold Petty for
more than a fortnight. Besides Ar-
thur says he is a mess and not a
camel.

Yes, the Hon. John E. Bean, May-
or-elect, says he is perfectly willing
to put on traffic cops in Hartford,
not for fear that any one is liable to
get run over, but simply as a precau-
tion against John Henry's running
over some unsuspecting four-head
mule team, and thereby laying
grounds for a damage suit against
the city.

Subscriptions have been coming in
rather rapidly since orders were given
to lay off of this stuff and "Beady
Oddy Strung" and as every new
subscription makes just that much
more work and worry, the office force
thinks us into shooting a few
streaks at the new readers. Old
subscribers please excuse us if it is
handy to do so, but don't write us
about it.

While Thomas and Tinsley have
not exactly come to blows yet, they
have had quite a serious difference

and several heated arguments. Yes,
Tinsley avers, Thomas could have
waited until after the first of the
year to run over that blamed wagon.
The quail and duck hunting season
would have been over then and it
would have made little difference,
but now he is all bunged up and not
able to work much and the hunting
season right upon us. Thomas says
he would rather be hurt now than
next year. He, Thomas, don't hunt
at all and never shot anything in his
life, except craps, so Tinsley says.

Claude Blankenship swears that
he holds all records south of the Ma-
son and Dixon line when it comes to
being sued in more different ways, in
more different courts, by the great-
est number of people in the least
number of days.

Waiting.
Have you been waiting long?" she
cried.
The week before she was his bride.
"Oh, did I keep you waiting, dear?
In dressing I was slow, I fear.
Did you sit in Pat's easy chair,
And did you find some comfort there,
While I was primping? Oh, I fear
You'll tire of waiting for me dear!"
"Now do not hurry me!" she cried,
Soon after she became his bride.
"Hook up my dress! Sit down and
wait!"
I don't care if we both are late!
Now where's my curler? Where's my
comb?
For two cents I would stay at home!
If you don't like to wait, well you
Know mighty well what you can do!"
—Howard C. Kogley.

More Costly Tax Collection.
It is an interesting circumstance
that the cost of collecting our cus-
toms revenue is steadily increasing.
In the last year of the Republican
administration, the cost of collecting
the customs revenue was 3.3 per
cent.

In 1916, the cost was nearly 4.5
per cent. We are getting less revenue
from customs duties and paying a
higher percentage for its collection.
—Wilmington (Del.) Journal, 10, 23,
17.

No reduction of the tariff ever has
or ever could increase the capacity
of the American people to consume.
The invariable effect of low tariffs
and no tariffs has been to decrease
domestic consumption.

For Sale.
One upright piano, mahogany case.
See or write MISS WILLIE SMITH,
Commercial Hotel, Hartford. 173p

Winter Supplies

In times of high cost of wearing apparel you should select with care your place to buy your winter supplies. We bought heavily most of your winter needs months ago, hence we are in a position to offer you lots of merchandise below its market value today.

Underwear

An indispensable article. We have a large and varied assortment. You will be wise to get our prices.

Men's Work Coats

Out-door work requires the heavy kind. We have them. Our prices are right.

Rubber Boots and Shoes

The famous Ball brand. Known and worn by everybody. No farmer can go through a winter comfortable without them. Big stock. Prices right.

Overcoats and Mackinaws

We can fit you men. We can supply the boy. A look at them will convince you.

Winter Caps

The kind that will make you feel good in zero weather. No frost-bitten ears in the kind we sell.

While shivering these cold mornings think of us, and remember that it pays to trade with a house that saves you money.

FAIR & CO.
THE FAIR DEALERS

perfecting a county organization of a War Works Council. Having completed their mission they remained only a few hours.

Miss Ellen Gorman, of Beaver Dam, died in Louisville Monday and was buried at Shinkle Chapel Wednesday.

Mrs. Minnie Wedding, Mrs. W. H. Barnes, Miss Myrtle Lashbrook and Mr. Glenn Barnes were in Owensboro Wednesday.

Mrs. W. H. Cundiff, after a visit of several days with her father, John H. Glenn, has returned to her home in Hammond, Ind.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Woodward left Tuesday for San Angelo, Tex., where they will spend the winter with their son, Mr. J. C. Woodward.

Lieutenant Gilmore Keown, who had been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. S. O. Keown, for several days, returned to Camp Taylor yesterday.

Miss Eula Woosley, who is teaching school near South Carrollton, visited her home folks at Narrows, Tuesday and Wednesday.

Mr. Dan King went to Owensboro Tuesday to see his brother, A. P. King, who was recently operated on for gall stones. Mr. King is reported as doing very well.

The members of the Fiscal Court, with Sheriff S. O. Keown and County Attorney A. D. Kirk, were entertained at dinner by Judge John B. Wilson and wife, yesterday.

Mrs. Logan Stevens, of Paradise, received notice Friday of the death of her father in Kansas, and, with her husband, left at once for that State to attend the funeral.

Hon. Alvis S. Bennett, Secretary of the Republican State Executive Committee, of Louisville, was here the first of this week visiting his father and attending the election.

Mr. W. H. Parks has exchanged his residence and bottling business for 623 acres of Logan county land. A Mr. F. Douthitt, of Owensboro, being the party with whom Mr. Parks traded.

Mrs. Herbert Robinson, of Narrows, has gone to Louisville, where she has secured employment in order to be near her husband who was recently called to Camp Taylor for military service.

Mrs. John H. Thomas and little son, London, of Narrows, left yesterday for Louisville, where they expect to spend the winter. They will be with Mrs. Thomas' daughter, Mrs. J. L. Brashear.—Hartford Herald.

Rev. Russell Walker, who has been called to the pastorate of the Hartford Baptist church, delivered his first sermon on last Sunday to an appreciative audience. Rev. Walker and family will move here at an early date.

Capt. John G. Keown, with the I. I. Case Threshing Machine Co., who was called from his work in New Mexico, on account of the serious illness of his little daughter, Annie Morton, arrived here Tuesday night. The child was much improved when the Captain arrived.

Mr. W. H. Riley, of Union City, Tenn., came up first of the week to visit relatives and incidentally to be at the election. Mr. Riley has sold his bottling business in the Tennessee city and is now traveling for a Union City Waterproof Clothing Co.

Mr. Homer Robinson had both bones in his forearm broken in an accident at a saw mill at Narrows, a few days ago. Mr. Robinson was attempting to adjust a belt on a pulley when his hand was caught and drawn into the machinery, with the result mentioned.

Mrs. Lucinda Shanks, who is ninety-seven years old, is knitting for the soldier boys in France. This fine example of patriotism on the part of this aged woman should inspire the younger generation to renewed efforts to consult the comfort of our dear boys in a foreign field of war.

Mr. Press Wilson, of Grayson county and Mrs. Victoria Basham were married at Rosine yesterday. Mr. Wilson is 70 and Mrs. Basham 71 years of age. Mrs. Basham was formerly the widow of Vol Wilson, deceased, and by this latter marriage takes the name of Wilson for the second time.

Mr. M. L. Henrvin has received a card from the Rev. E. L. Milley, of Elizaville, Ky., stating that he and his wife went there to hold a meeting and that he and Mrs. Milley both

were stricken with typhoid fever. Rev. Milley recovered in about 10 days, but Mrs. Milley is still ill, being her fifth week that she has been bed-ridden, and the day before he wrote the card was the first time she had been conscious for 12 days. Rev. Milley's father died while he was ill, and he could not go to the funeral. Rev. Milley made many friends while holding a revival here a few months ago who sympathize with him in his affliction.

Mrs. Arthur Petty, of Henderson, visited her father and mother, Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Woodward, from Saturday to Monday. Mr. Petty, who had been assisting The Republican in the preparation of the ballots and other work during the past two weeks, accompanied Mrs. Petty home.

Mr. John Webb, of Route 7, near Noecreek, has sold his farm, and at public sale will dispose of his personal property on the 15th, preparatory to moving to Illinois, at an early date. Mr. Webb is a good citizen and we commend him and his family to those with whom he may locate.

Rev. S. E. Harlan left Wednesday for Utica, where he will conduct a series of meetings. The family of Rev. Harlan accompanied him and will remain with him while there. Rev. Harlan has just completed an interesting revival at the Union Grove Christian church, in the Taffy community.

Rev. J. T. Rushing, Presiding Elder, will fill the pulpit of the M. E. church here at 7 o'clock p. m., next Sunday. Quarterly conference will be held in The Bank of Hartford Building on the following morning at 8 o'clock. All officials of the entire charge are urgently requested to be present with full and complete reports.

Miss Lillie Goldnamer, of Elizabethtown, State home demonstrator, will be in Fordsville on the 13th and in Beaver Dam the 14th of this month. Miss Goldnamer comes well recommended and her demonstrations in bread making, &c., will be worth witnessing. The ladies in these sections will, no doubt, be repaid for sacrifice of time necessary to attend these two meetings.

Editor John H. Thomas has his right arm in a sling as the result of a very bad sprain received Monday. Mr. Thomas was crossing the street behind a wagon loaded with lumber and there was one piece sticking out far beyond the other which he did not see. The pole struck him about the knees, throwing him to the ground, he falling with nearly all his weight on the arm that was injured.—Hartford Herald.

'Orrible.
Returned hero—What was the most 'orrible sight I ever saw in the trenches? Why, the Sergeant one night when I broke the rum jar.—Passing show.

His Business.
"What business are you engaged in?"
"Collecting."
"Collecting what?"
"The living the world owes me."

Any Free-Trade who says the American laborer is benefited by Free-Trade says that which is not true, and he who so says knows it is not true.—Cedar Rapids (Ia.) Leader.

NOTICE.
The regular District Quarterly meeting of the Farmers' Co-operative Tobacco Growers' Association will meet on Tuesday, Nov. 13, at 10 a. m., Owensboro, at office. All members urged to be present.
J. E. GREGORY, Pres.

See W. E. ELLIS & BRO. for bale ties and poultry wire. Prices right. 1914

Eureka and Swansdown Flour for \$12.50 per barrel at W. E. ELLIS & BRO'S. 1914

Picture Patrons Notice.
Owing to the Excise tax placed upon picture films, the added expense and tax on same, which has been doubled and a 10 per cent war tax upon tickets sold, we will be compelled to charge 15 cents admission to all of our shows in the future, beginning Friday night.

STAR THEATRE.
TAX NOTICE.

Pay your taxes now and save the penalty which will go on soon.
S. O. KEOWN,
Sheriff Oldo County.

278 pastors attended the 78th Memphis annual conference, held at Memphis on the 7th.

Be Sure and Mail Us Your List For Anything You May Need In

LUMBER

SASH, DOORS,
COLUMNS, MILLWORK

For Our Lowest Prices.

Fordsville Planing Mill Company

INCORPORATED

JAKE WILSON, Mgr.

FORDSVILLE, KY.

Y. M. C. A. WORKERS ARE BUSY IN FRANCE

From a dug-out in France, Y. M. C. A. officials in this country have received a story that they regard as a confirmation of the need which they hope to supply through their working units on the various fronts.

A British "Tommie," sitting with his messmates in one of the Triangle huts at the front, told the story of himself and his mother. It had to do with the final good-bye which he took of his mother, before leaving his home in London. After he had bade farewell to the other members of his family, his mother took him to her bed room where they could be alone, and putting both hands on his shoulders, looked squarely into his face:

"Son," she said, "it is no use my pretending that it does not break my heart to see you go. I know the long nights of waiting and anxiety that are ahead of me—wondering, praying, hoping. But it is not shrapnel or gas that I am most afraid of. I am a British mother, and if you go that way, I shall know how to bear it. I shall know what to tell my heart if they bring me the word: 'Your son has died in the service of his country.' But there are other things than shrapnel and gas that the front—other and more deadly things—more deadly to you and to your mother's heart."

"I brought you here to my own room—the room where you have kissed me good night every night for twenty years—to ask you if, when you have come home to us again, you will kiss your mother with as clean a heart as you will kiss her tonight. That is what will be on my heart while you are away, and that is what I want you to remember as the last word I had to say to you."

Y. M. C. A. officials in America, in the faith that mother is a fairly typical one, are planning their war work with just that need in mind. "American mothers," said Fletcher S. Brockman, assistant to John H. Moot, in the direction of the war work, "are not asking whether their sons will come back, so much as how they will come back. We mean that they shall come back clean, and all our endeavor shall be directed to that end."

It has been the experience of the armies at the front that the morale and the morals of the men are apt to be impaired by various evil influences unless positive substitutes for these influences are set in motion. The Y. M. C. A. working units at the fronts have operated on the theory that healthy sports and pastimes will satisfy just the need which frequently, in their absence, lead the men to seek less desirable methods of recreation. How precisely correct this theory is may be learned from the accounts recited by officers who have witnessed the process. It means a happier and a healthier unit of fighting men, and that means a sturdier and less readily impaired morale.

Games, social intercourse, religious services and human ministrations of all kinds, have taken the place of evil influences and doubtful adventures in all those camps where the Y. M. C. A. has been able to establish working units, according to the reports on morale made by the officers on the various fronts. This Y. M. C. A. War Work Council means to extend its operations until no single fighting unit shall be without the service which the Y. M. C. A. unit can render. It is determined, in the words of Mr. Brockman, to be able to tell every American mother—and every mother in the countries of the Allies—that her son will not be preyed upon by the enemies of his soul, while he is fighting the enemies of his country. If he is permitted to come back at all, say they, he will come back sound and clean as when he left.

A nation-wide campaign to provide funds for the Y. M. C. A. work for our soldiers will be made the week of November 11-15. Our community has a local War-Work Council which will organize our campaign and it is expected that our quota will be cheerfully given.

Com'th of Kentucky, Plaintiff, vs.—Notice of Sale. By virtue of a judgment and order of sale of the Ohio Circuit Court entered at its September term, 1917, for the purpose of paying the judgment of Laura Miller vs. Pete Norman, amounting to \$358.70 and the cost in this action, \$39.65, together with the costs of this sale, I will offer for sale at public outcry at the court house door in Hartford, Ky., on Monday, Nov. 26, 1917, it being the first day of the regular term of the Ohio Circuit Court, at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., upon a credit of six and twelve months, the following described land to-wit: The 1-7 interest of Pete Norman in a tract of land in Ohio county, Kentucky, near Green River and on the waters of Indian Camp Creek, being a part of lots 1 and 3 of the Lucy J. Reid land and bounded as follows: Commencing at a stone on the west side of the Cromwell and Green River Church road at the corner of Mrs. Hobdy's land in the old Philadelphia church lot, running in the center of the said road to a stone in corner of Tilford's fence, corner marked on stone, on south side of road; thence S. to hickory and elm in the Lucy J. Reid land, corner with the Luicker land on said trees; thence N. 84 E. 42 poles to a stake in big road, white oak marked on south side of said road; thence with road south 75 east 4 poles to a stone in the road, white oak marked on north side as corner in lot 3; thence N. 20 E. 52 poles to beech; thence N. 13 W. 18 poles to a hickory, white oak and gum on the creek, one of the original lines of the 287 acre survey; thence up the creek with its meanderings to a stone on big road to Stewartville; thence S. with said road opposite watering place on said creek, crossing said road and running with said creek with its meandering to a maple and dogwood, cornering with James Shields, being corners in deed from Lucy J. Reid to W. G. Tilford; thence with original line S. 43 W. 96 poles to the beginning corner, containing 100 acres more or less and being same land conveyed to Reuben Norman by J. W. Cooper and wife on the 3rd day of January 1886, and which deed is of record in the Ohio County Court Clerk's office in Deed Book 14, page 305. Said land to be sold subject to the dower rights of the dependant, Ann Norman.

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Com'th of Kentucky, Plaintiff, vs.—Notice of Sale.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond immediately after sale, which bond shall be approved by the Commissioner, and a lien will be retained on said land as additional security. Given under my hand, this November 7th, 1917.
OTTO C. MARTIN,
Master Commissioner.
C. E. Smith, Attorney.

NOTICE.
After October 1, 1917, I will be in the office of Dr. A. B. Riley from 1:00 p. m. to 4:00 p. m., and in my office over Williams Drug Store from 9:00 a. m. to 12:00 noon.
DR. E. H. PENDLETON.

PAY YOUR TAX.

JUST TWENTY MORE DAYS BEFORE THE PENALTY GOES ON YOUR TAX. PAY NOW AND AVOID THE RUSH.
S. O. KEOWN, Sheriff.

For Sale or Trade.

One 10 h. p. J. I. Case Engine, also well drilling outfit and one complete saw rk. F. T. JACOBS,

One 2, Hartford, Ky.

Hartford Republican.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 9

L. H. & ST. L. R. R. TIME TABLE.
No. 113 due at Elizabethtown 8:32 p. m.
No. 110 due at Elizabethtown 7:30 a. m.
No. 112 Lv. Elizabethtown 3:40 p. m.
Ar. Irvington 5:35 p. m.
Lv. Irvington 5:56 p. m.
Ar. Louisville 7:40 p. m.
No. 111 Lv. Louisville 8:35 a. m.
Ar. Irvington 10:06 a. m.
Lv. Irvington 10:40 a. m.
Ar. Elizabethtown 1:04 p. m.
M. & E. R. R. TIME TABLE.
South Bound, No. 115—
Due at Hartford 9:05 a. m.
North Bound, No. 114—
Due at Hartford 6:45 p. m.
(Both "Mixed" Trains.)

Personal News and Social Events.

See Eck Trial for Kindling Wood.

Mr. W. T. Keene, of Shreve, paid us a visit Wednesday.

Mr. N. S. Barrass, of Taylor Mines, was in town Tuesday.

Mr. J. D. Williams, of Beaver Dam, was here Wednesday.

Mr. John Logsdon, of Rosine, was in to see us yesterday.

Mr. T. W. Wallace, of Cromwell, was in town Wednesday.

Judge A. H. Tuck, of Morgantown, was in Hartford Monday.

Mr. W. H. Reid, of near Beaver Dam, was in town Saturday.

County Attorney A. D. Kirk was in Henderson Wednesday.

Mr. Vivian Ferguson, of Sunnydale, has purchased a new car.

Mr. Geo. T. Tinsley, of Simmons, was here on business last Saturday.

Mr. T. H. Maple has sold his property near Beda, to Oscar Ashley.

Judge C. M. Crowe was in Frank-

fort on business during the first of this week.

Mrs. G. H. Roberts, of Fordsville, visited relatives in Hartford Monday.

Mr. W. P. Midkiff, of Sulphur Springs, was among our visitors Saturday.

Col. John J. Melleny, of Louisville, was in Hartford last Saturday and Sunday.

The three-year-old son of Mr. Charlie Hoover, of East View, has diphtheria.

Mrs. E. P. Rogers, of Fordsville, was a visitor with Mrs. C. E. Smith Saturday.

Messrs. Sherman Condit, Hefflin, and Harve Condit, Centertown, were here Monday.

Mr. Owen Jones, a steam boat pilot on the Ohio river, visited his parents at Ceraivo last week.

Mrs. W. H. Taylor, after an extended visit to relatives in Louisville, has returned home.

Mrs. A. C. Porter entertained her S. S. class at her home on Union street yesterday afternoon.

ELITE FLOUR—As good as is made—none better.
W. E. ELLIS & BRO.

Mrs. Mary Ranney, of near Cromwell, is very ill, and is not expected to live more than a few days.

Rev. A. D. Litchfield will begin a series of revival meetings at Mt. Hermon M. E. Church South on next Sunday.

Mr. I. S. Mason, of where ever insurance is to be written, was in Hartford and Taylor Mines first of this week.

The Fiscal Court met in special session here yesterday with all the justices and County Attorney, Kirk, present.

Mr. Hooker Williams, who has a position in Frankfort, came home on last Saturday to visit his family and be at the election.

Messrs. Lee Kirk and J. N. Parish, of Owensboro, were here Monday

Farm Department

Storing Potatoes For Winter.

It is of great importance that the potatoes raised this year should be stored under proper conditions. Even when every precaution is taken, the wastage of potatoes during the winter is considerable; under bad conditions of storage, it is very great indeed.

In order that the best methods may be adopted by the small growers, those who have not had the experience in the storage of potatoes, should know the chief causes of the wastage. These causes are:

First—Sweating, heating and consequent rot; often due to insufficient ventilation.

Two—Rotting: due to potatoes getting wet at the time of putting them in storage.

Third—Injury from frost.

Fourth—Decay: owing to disease in the tubers at the time of storage.

Fifth—Sprouting of tubers in the spring.

It is not possible to prevent altogether losses from these causes, but by using the best methods of storage, it is possible to reduce them very materially.

This may be done by taking care to guard against losses from each of these causes:

First—Sweating and heating occur if the freshly dug potatoes are piled in too large piles, so that the air can not circulate between the tubers. The risk of loss from this cause is greatest in the fall, immediately after the tubers have been dug, and it is, therefore, important that potatoes when dug, should not be put in unnecessary large piles, nor kept in ill-ventilated rooms.

Two—Rotting from getting the potatoes wet. If the potatoes, at the digging time, are allowed to get wet and to go into storage in that condition, rotting is sure to occur. Be careful to have your potatoes dry before storing.

Three—Injury from frost: Potatoes are easily damaged by frost. If they become frozen, their market value is destroyed. Therefore, take every precaution to protect the tubers from frost before and after digging.

Fourth—Disease. There are several diseases of the potato which destroy the tuber, and if diseased tubers are mixed with the sound ones, the disease spreads rapidly; therefore, it is necessary to sort the potatoes carefully, eliminating all of the diseased, the cuts, and dirt before placing them into permanent storage for the winter. All of the cuts, cuts, misshapen and diseased tubers should be fed to the poultry and live stock, but should be steamed or boiled before being fed, as in this way you increase the food value, and also destroy the germs of the disease, so that it will not get into the manure, and thence into the land.

Fifth—By proper ventilation of the cellar or storage room, and by holding the temperature at near 35 degrees F. as possible, you can keep the potatoes from sprouting.

Selection of Seed. Seed for next year's planting should be selected from hills that produce all nice, true to type potatoes. These should be selected at the digging time, and stored separately in crates or boxes, and by storing them in a well-lighted room, where the temperature can be held at from 34 to 40 degrees, with a little ventilation, and this seed planted next spring, the grower will make a start toward improving the quality of his potatoes. Instead of as in the past, simply planting the cuts or runouts.

Waste in Holding Hogs.

A loss of live weight of hogs and waste of feed result from the practice of purchasing local hogs in small lots and holding them in local stockyards until a carload shipment is collected, according to specialists of the United States Bureau of Markets. They point out that at this and other seasons when runs are light, it often takes local buyers four or five days to assemble enough small lots for a carload. As facilities for feed and watering are inferior in small yards, the hogs make no further gains on their feed and often suffer actual loss of live weight. Local buyers, therefore, would do well to specify a certain day for the delivery of lots from the various farms and load and ship without holding. Farmers also could club together to make up co-operative carload shipments on regular week days, thus saving the margin lost in individual small-lot selling.

Best Way to Eliminate Corn Earworm.

Strike at the bollworm or corn earworm in the fall. Mowing has proved the most effective weapon against the pest. The weight of the eggs, such as molting and broodiness. The test was conducted on the experiment farm of the Bureau of Animal Industry, at Beltsville, Md. Summarizing the results of the tests, the specialists draw these conclusions:

Average Egg Yields.

The average egg yield for the first laying year in all pens was 131 eggs, and the highest pen average yield was 189.5 eggs. In the second year the average egg yield of all pens was 92.7 eggs, which decreased to 78.2 eggs in the third laying year.

The average value of eggs over feed cost the first laying year was \$2.56 per hen, falling to \$1.41 the second year, and to \$0.79 the third year. The highest average value in any pen was \$3.41.

The general-purpose fowls consumed annually 72 pounds of feed, which cost \$1.13, while the Leghorns ate 55 pounds, which cost 87 cents.

Good results were obtained with rations both with and without oats. The use of this grain added variety to the ration without increasing the cost.

Effect of Feeding Beef Scrap.

Fowls not fed any beef scrap or other animal protein laid only 90 eggs during their pullet year compared with 137 eggs from the beef-scrap pens, and 84 compared with 83 in their second year. The eggs of the no-beef-scrap pens cost about 2.2 cents per dozen more to produce the first laying year, but these costs were about equal during the second year. The fowls not fed beef scrap laid very poorly in winter, thus materially reducing the value of their eggs.

Cottonseed meal used in place of beef scrap as a high protein feed in the ration produced brown or greenish spots on the yolks of the eggs, especially in warm weather, making a considerable proportion of them unfit for market. Eggs were produced more cheaply and at a considerably greater profit on the beef-scrap ration.

Fish Meal as Source of Protein.

Fish meal at \$7 a ton less than beef scrap proved to be a good high-protein feed, which can be used to advantage to replace beef scrap. The fish meal did not in any way affect the flavor or quality of the eggs.

General purpose fowls allowed to select their own mash constituents ate a dry mash containing about 63 per cent corn meal, 19 per cent beef scrap, 9 per cent bran, and 9 per cent middlings. Leghorns ate a mash of about 66 per cent corn meal, 26 per cent beef scrap, and 4 per cent each of bran and middlings. No better results were obtained by this method of feeding than where the ground grains were mixed together in a mash.

Some Good Mashies.

Good mashies, as indicated by these experiments, may be made of 66 per cent corn meal, 26 per cent beef scrap, and 4 per cent each of bran and middlings, or 2 pounds of corn meal and 1 pound each of bran, middlings, and beef scrap, with a scratch feed in each ration of equal parts by weights of cracked corn, wheat, and oats, which is fed so that the hens receive about equal parts of scratch feed and of mash.

The Leghorns on free range gave a considerably greater egg yield than those confined to a fair-sized yard. This difference was less marked in the general-purpose hens.

Cost of Green Feed.

Sprouting oats fed as green feed to hens confined to yards cost about 10 cents per hen a year and 1 cent per dozen eggs, not including any charges for labor and equipment. The hens ate on an average in one year about 1.3 pounds of oyster shell and 0.7 of a pound of grit, which together cost about 1 cent per hen.

The Leghorns did not lay as well in the winter as the general-purpose breeds, especially during their second year, but the Leghorns produced eggs about 3 cents per dozen cheaper during their first year, 6.4 cents cheaper in their second year, and 9.3 cents cheaper in their third year than the general-purpose breeds. One pen of Leghorn pullets produced eggs in their first year at a feed cost of 6.7 cents per dozen, while the value of the eggs per hen for the year was \$2.41 over cost of feed.

Weight of Eggs.

The average weight of a dozen eggs from the general-purpose fowls during their pullet year was 1.53 pounds, 1.60 during their second year, and 1.63 during their third laying year. The eggs from the Leghorns averaged 1.45 pounds during their pullet year, and 1.49 during their second and third years.

The egg-production of the general-purpose fowls decreased 32 per cent in their second laying year. The decrease was considerably less in the Leghorns, their 2-year average egg production exceeding that of the general-purpose breeds by 19 eggs. The decrease in production from the second to the third year was only 4 per cent with the Leghorns, compared with 15 per cent in the general-purpose fowls.

or so vulnerable as when the insect is in the pupal or wintering stage, an entomologist of the United States Department of Agriculture says in recent publication intended to convey to farmers ways of making life very unhappy for this serious pest. The publication, *Farmers' Bulletin 872, "The Bollworm or Corn Earworm,"* by F. C. Bishop, describes the insect, its habits, and control methods, of which fall plowing is the most important.

Names of the Worm.

The worm has several names—cotton bollworm, corn earworm, tomato fruitworm, and false budworm of tobacco. Under these names it is widely known in nearly all parts of the United States, and the damage it does is increasing from year to year. The character of its attack on all the crops affected is similar. The caterpillars usually bore into and feed within the plant tissues.

When mature the insect is a moth or miller about 1-1.5 inches across the wings when spread. It varies in color from a light brown or olive green to pale yellow, and it is commonly seen flying about in the evening. The larvae or caterpillars are very small when first hatched. When full grown they are about 1-1.5 inches in length, and their color varies from pale green to almost black. They leave the plant when fully fed and burrow into the ground, where they form a kind of cell in which they transform to the resting stage. The last brood in the fall stays in the ground at a depth of 4 to 6 inches until warm weather the following spring.

Important Step in Controlling Pest. Through breaking of the land in which the worms have buried themselves for the winter, at some time in late fall or winter, is the most important single step in controlling this pest. The practice of fall and winter plowing, aside from bollworm control, is desirable because it conserves the moisture, puts the ground in better condition for planting and enables the farmer to plant at the proper time the following spring. Furthermore, fall plowing destroys eggs of grasshoppers, hibernating places of chinch bugs and other destructive insects. The bulletin mentioned also discusses other means of combating the worms as they appear on crops in the spring.

Thrifty Thought.

Don't throw away left-over skim milk, says the United States Department of Agriculture. It is a nutritious food, and every drop of it should be used. One way to utilize it is to make milk-vegetable soups.

Milk-Vegetable Soup.

To each 2 cupsful of milk use 1 tablespoonful of flour, 1 tablespoonful of butter, two-thirds of a cupful of a thoroughly cooked vegetable, finely chopped, mashed, or put through a sieve, and salt to taste. Thicken the milk with the flour as for milk gravy and add the other ingredients.

Egg-Producing Feeds.

Feed to produce one dozen eggs costs 10 cents with pullets, 14 cents with 2-year-old hens, and 19 cents with 3-year-old hens, in a three-year feeding test recently reported by poultrymen of the United States Department of Agriculture. These were the cost figures of feed at the time of the experiment, which began in 1912, and must be corrected to present prices. Tables of rations and costs presented in the report enable poultrymen to make these corrections when compared to 1917 prices. In Bulletin 561 of the department, "Feed Cost of Egg Production," the specialists describe in detail this test, which was undertaken to compare the costs of various rations fed under general farm conditions. Much information relating to feeding under the various conditions also was learned in the experiment.

Test Included 366 Fowls.

Starting with 6 pens of 30 pullets each, the test was enlarged to include 16 pens containing 366 fowls. Most of the pens were made up of 30 standard-bred pullets, bred and reared under the same conditions and selected for vigor, standard shape, and color. Some flocks consisted of fowls of one breed, while others contained more than one kind of pure-bred fowls of the general-purpose type. Pens of cross-bred pullets also were used.

With the exception of three flocks which were confined to good-sized yards, all the fowls were allowed free range over several acres of rough land. Detailed records were kept of the weight of the eggs, the weight of the fowls, and the cost of feed.

the spring—during April, May, and June—while the greatest cost occurred in October, November, and December. The lowest monthly feed cost of a dozen eggs in any of these experiments was 4 cents, while in some cases no eggs at all were produced during the month.

How He Saw The Light.

Out in Nebraska a county agent had experienced much difficulty in interesting a certain farmer in proposed agricultural improvement campaigns. This farmer, who, was of much influence in the community, considered his own individual success a proof that Government co-operation with farmers is entirely unnecessary. A special representative of the extension office of the United States Department of Agriculture who visited that section was told of the case by the county agent. He went to the farmer and found him cold and unresponsive.

"You are standing in the way of your country when your country is at war," said the special agent to the farmer finally. "Do you realize that?"

"No," said the farmer, "I hadn't thought of it that way."

"Well, do think of it that way awhile," suggested the special agent. "The man who doesn't help his country at this time is hurting his country, and to hurt your country when your country is at war is a pretty bad thing to do, don't you think so?"

"You bet I do," said the farmer, thawing out for the first time during the interview. "You don't think I am that kind of a man, do you? I'll do anything for my country. I'll fight."

Here's Your Chance.

"All right," said the agent, "Here's your chance. See that your farm and all the farms in your county increase their yields and their cultivated acreage. It isn't picturesque, but it is service—real service, great and genuine service. Now that's what the Government wants you to do. That's the purpose of these special county organizations. That's what these emergency county agents, like the one in this county, are urging. What about it? Your country wants you to help. Either you will or you won't—and if you won't help your own country, you are indirectly helping the enemy. What your country wants you to do is to plant more land, specialize on certain crops, and cultivate so as to increase production. It is all figured out to harmonize with a great national program, scientifically and efficiently arranged. The community organizations, co-operating in each community throughout the United States, are essential to the realization of this national plan—and that plan is absolutely necessary of accomplishment if we are to win the war. Now we are trying to organize this country in harmony with this plan. You have opposed it. Don't you see what that means?"

"When is that county meeting?" asked the farmer.

"To-night."

"I'll be there to-night and make a speech. You are mighty right—I hadn't thought of it that way. You'll never have another chance to insinuate that I am not with my country in this war."

The Nebraska farmer spoke that night. And by a unanimous vote the meeting arranged for organized agricultural work throughout that county.

Freezing.

Clarance—"Would you scream if I kissed you?"

Clara—"Do you flatter yourself that I would be speechless with joy?"

FOUR WEEKS IN HOSPITAL

No Relief—Mrs. Brown Finally Cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

Cleveland, Ohio.—"For years I suffered so sometimes it seemed as though I could not stand it any longer. It was all in my lower organs. At times I could hardly walk, for if I stepped on a little stone I would almost faint. One day I did faint and my husband was sent for and the doctor came. I was taken to the hospital and stayed four weeks but when I came home I would faint just the same and had the same pains.

A friend who is a nurse asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I began taking it that very day for I was suffering a great deal. It has already done me more good than the hospital. To anyone who is suffering as I was my advice is to stop in the first drug-store and get a bottle of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound before you go home."

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FOOD IN PRISON CAMPS OF GERMANS

FRENCH AND ALBANIANS BAKE
CAMP WITH MACHINE GUN
FIRE.

(Staff Correspondence of The Associated Press.)

Army Headquarters, Florina, Macedonia, Oct. 5.—Gen. Grossetti, commander in chief of the left wing of the Army of the Orient, was at headquarters here a few days ago when his chief of staff, Col. Expert-Renanon, arrived with welcome news of a big success. Our party had just arrived from Gen. Sarraill's headquarters at Saloniki, and this gave the opportunity of sharing in the good news and of observing its sequel when the French official account was verified and the German account was proved to be incorrect.

Col. Renancon's good news was that the French forces, co-operating with the Albanian mountaineers, had caught an Austrian detachment in a pocket and made short work of it. The Austrians had stuck their arms and were about their camp duties with their coats off. Suddenly the French and Albanians burst on them from surrounding hills, sweeping the camp with a machine gun fire from a high cliff. The fight was quick and awful. The Austrians had no time to get their guns. They were literally annihilated. Those who were not killed, surrendered. The counted dead numbered 300, the prisoners 450. The French-Albanian losses were only three men killed and seven wounded.

Say Germans "Fibbed."

The French official communiqué duly recorded this incident, with the killed and wounded. The German communiqué also referred to it, but gave a different version. According to the Germans, the French made an attack, which was repulsed with loss. That night the American ambulance section from Leland Stanford University, Cal., arrived with some of the wounded, and with independent evidence, based on talking with the captured prisoners, and counting them, that the French version had told the truth and the German version had concealed it.

The whole route from Saloniki to Florina ran thru a vast marshy plain, with scummy water and a foggy miasma hanging over it. This was the deadly fever zone, which dragged the vitality out of troops. The Vardar river, for which Serbs and Bulgars contend, was crossed at 7 o'clock. It is a shallow, marshy stream, deadly with fever germs and breaks into three irregular branches crossed by a long steel bridge.

Prom end to end of this low plague region Serb soldiers were giving another evidence of their heroism and endurance. They were at every bridge and culvert, and formed the guard for the whole railway route, so vital in moving troops and supplies. Most of the Serb soldiers were old men. Their tents were down in the marsh, and they were literally living in the scummy water. They looked yellow from this terrible work.

West of the Vardar, Macedonia grows more fertile. There are small farms, with water buffaloes dragging primitive wooden ploughs. This is the region which the Greek Government hopes to reclaim into a vast farming section.

Nearing army headquarters at Florina, there are evidence of the heavy fighting which had been going on. The splendid five-span steel bridge, at Ekisim, had been blown up by the Bulgars-Austrians, as they fell back after the last drive. The twisted framework of the bridge was down in a gulley, with portions of the girders hanging to the piers at either end. The enemy was only a few miles to the north, and was still showing its resentment for this drive.

At the nearby British Red Cross Hospital, at Vertekop, we saw where bombs had just been dropped in an air raid, killing a number of sick and several nurses, altho huge red crosses, laid flat on the ground, plainly showed this was a hospital entitled to protection.

Gen. Grossetti, keeps hammering away on this Monastir front, just as he did on the Marne and the Yser. He had had one of the most notable careers of the war. It was his diversion of Foch's army, which made the battle of the Marne, which in the judgment of military experts turned the tide in that great battle. Then he was in the big Champagne offensive, and the Argonne, and on the Yser, and now he is in chief command of the French, Serb, Russian, Italian and Greek divisions which have cleared the enemy from Monastir, pressed him back forty miles, and has the task of keeping him on the move to the rear.—Louisville Herald.

Republicans have always recognized the desirability of maintaining a

balance of trade as a means of keeping money in this country. In order to discourage Americans from buying abroad and thus sending gold abroad, we maintained a Protective Tariff.—Augusta (Me.) Kennebec Journal, 10.13.17.

Mrs. P. O. Stuchell Tells How She Cured Her Son of a Cold.

"When my son Ellis was sick with a cold last winter I gave him Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It helped him at once and quickly broke up his cold," writes Mrs. P. O. Stuchell, Homer City, Pa. This remedy has been in use for many years. Its good qualities have been fully proven by many thousands of people. It is pleasant and safe to take.

BANK ROBBER AND CASHIER KIDNAPPED

Glenwood, Ark., November 4.—Five unmasked men held up the bank of Glenwood at 1:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon, kidnaped the cashier, K. E. Hallman, and escaped with him and \$8,000 in an automobile.

Two of the men entered the rear and two went in the front door of the building. The bank employees and several patrons were covered with revolvers and after the robbers got all the money in sight, using Hallman as a shield, they backed outside to their automobile and dashed away.

Assistant Cashier Gibbs organized a posse and started in pursuit in an automobile. The bandits were sighted several miles out from town, but they forced Hallman to stand erect on the rear seat and the pursuers dared not fire for fear of hitting him.

The robbers began firing at their pursuers and when the assistant cashier's machine was getting in close range, one bullet hit the driver, Roy Watson, tearing away one of his fingers. Other posses were organized and started in pursuit of the bandits, who were headed toward the hills across the state line in Oklahoma.

Hallman was turned loose at Albert, twenty miles from Glenwood, after the bandits abandoned their automobile and forced him to count and divide the \$8,000 among them.

**Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA**

MASTER COMMISSIONER'S SALE.

Harve Condit, et al., Plaintiffs, vs.—Notice of Sale.

Ex Parte.
In virtue of a judgment and order of sale rendered in the above styled action at the September term, 1917, of the Ohio Circuit Court, for the purpose of distributing the proceeds among those entitled thereto and the purpose of paying the cost of this action and of this sale, I will offer for sale at public auction to the highest and best bidder at the court house door in Hartford, Kentucky, on Monday, November 26, 1917, being the first day of a regular term of the Ohio Circuit Court, at about the hour of one o'clock p. m., on a credit of 6 and 12 months, the following described property, to-wit:

Two tracts of land situated and being in Ohio county, Kentucky, and bounded and described as follows:

Tract No. 1—Beginning at a stake on the south bank of Rough River, corner of Every Bros.' land; thence with their line S. 64 W. 134 poles to a sweet gum, elm and hickory; thence N. 26 W. 60 poles to a stake; thence N. 6 1/4 W. 63 poles and 15 links to two elms on the bank of Rough River; thence up Rough River with its meanders to the beginning, containing 58 1/2 acres, more or less. Being the same land conveyed to W. F. Condit by L. H. Condit and wife, Hattie Condit, on the 10th day of August, 1914, by deed of record in the Ohio County Clerk's office, in deed book 50, page 418.

Tract No. 2—Beginning at a stone and hickory stump on the bank of Rough River, the said stump is the stump of the hickory tree called for in former deeds to this land, known as the Spangler tract; thence due south 368 poles to a willow and black oak on the north bank of Grassy Creek to Rough River; thence up Rough River to the beginning and containing 100 acres.

The interest of the infants, Byron V. and Lou Belle Williams in said land will not be paid, but will retain a lien on said land until the guardian of each of said infants shall qualify and execute bond in this court.

The purchaser will be required to execute bond with good and sufficient security for the purchase price of said land immediately after sale, and a lien will be retained as additional security.

Given under my hand this 5th day of November, 1917.

OTTO C. MARTIN,
Master Commissioner.
Barnes & Smith, Attorneys.



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THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, St. Paul St., BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS

KENTUCKY LIBRARY WAR COUNCIL

The Kentucky Library War Council is making a supreme effort to procure and place in the hands of the soldier boys in Camp Zachary Taylor a library of good and wholesome books and magazines for the entertainment and instruction of the soldier boys in training. Fathers, mothers, brothers, sisters, wives, sweethearts and friends who see this will doubtless be constrained to donate liberally towards this blessing to the boys in camp.

There will be hundreds of men and boys entertained and instructed by this means and if you have no loved ones there remember some one else has and you may have sometime and the time to act is NOW. The following donations have already been received by the committee:

Hartford Ladies' Club Books	\$75.00
Hartford Graded School	17.00
Hartford Methodist Sunday School	3.18
Beaver Dam Graded School Books	22.78
Beaver Dam Graded School Same, books	18.00
M. A. Pogue	1.00
Rockport Lodge No. 312, F. & A. M.	2.00
Dundee Methodist Sunday School	4.00
B. P. E. Baptist Church	9.75
J. C. Her, Books	25.00

Total \$483.61

It is the earnest desire of all that Ohio county's part of the fund necessary \$575 be raised as soon as possible that the good work may begin. The cash and books shown above will be sent at once to the camp and all the schools. Sunday Schools, churches, lodges as well as individuals in Ohio county will respond promptly and liberally and send their donations in cash or good books and magazines to the treasurer, Miss Margaret Marks, Hartford.

Due credit will be given the donors in these columns and the thanks and blessings of many homesick soldier boys will be ever reward.

JNO. B. WILSON,
Director for Ohio County.

CENTERTOWN.

Nov. 7.—Miss Bessie Mason was at home Saturday and Sunday.

Miss Nellie Gondall and Mrs. Matie Schroeder went to Beaver Dam last Friday.

Mrs. Josephine Clemmons returned to her home near Glendon Friday, after spending several days with her daughter, Mrs. G. E. Matthews.

Miss Dena Mae Carter spent the weekend with relatives near Providence, Ky.

Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Knott spent Sunday with their daughter, Mrs. Harve Condit.

Mr. and Mrs. Alva Calloway were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Mackey Sunday.

Miss Eunice Shults, of Rockport, was the guest of Miss Bessie Mason from Friday till Sunday.

Rev. John Hamilton delivered an excellent sermon at the M. E. church Sunday.

Mrs. Elton Parton, of near Fordsville, visited Mrs. G. S. Matthews Thursday and Friday.

Mrs. Alice Bossett is very sick with la grippe at this writing.

Charlie Lawrence, who has had tonsillitis for some time, is able to go out again.

"Uncle" Wayne James is on the sick list.

Mr. Ed Nelson, wife and child, visited Mrs. Lou Maddox Sunday.

FORDSVILLE.

Nov. 8.—Mr. Pole Lamm and wife went to Owensboro Tuesday to visit relatives.

Mr. Tode Boyd had a very severe accident Tuesday. He had a chimney to fall on him, breaking his leg.

Mr. William H. Smith sold a fine horse last week for \$200.

Russell Smith came home from Louisville and spent a few days with his parents.

Mr. Arthur Daniel, who came in from Texas, has been called to the army.

Red Sapp has returned home from Louisville, where he had been at work for sometime.

The election is over and every one is ready to go on in the same old way.

The new buildings are all about completed and Fordsville is looking very much improved.

Ben Stevens was in town Sunday.

Mrs. Will Turk is very sick at this writing.

G. D. Royal has moved from Hartford street to Frank Wallace's property, near depot.

Mrs. Amanda Park, of Narrows, visited her son, Wm. Park, Tuesday.

Mr. Rount Crowe was in Owensboro last week.

Mr. John B. Habbage, editor of the Breckinridge News, was here Saturday.

Newton, Balze says he was left at the post.

The L. H. & St. L. train wrecked

just above here Monday night; the engine was ditched with several coaches, but no one was hurt.

Charlie Kossinger was re-elected police judge.

Grant Pollard, of Shreve, spent the night here Saturday.

Mr. W. H. Miller made a business trip to Owensboro last week.

Jake Wilson has put in a full line of furniture in connection with his hardware.

Young Powell, of Louisville, is lecturing each night at the Baptist church in the interest of S. S. teachers.

The Baptist church here called Bro. Whittington to preach for them, and voted to have preaching every Sunday.

Esquire Evans says that if the Democrats had nominated him he would have known how to get his name on the ticket.

BAID KNOB.

Nov. 7.—We are having some fine weather now. Here's hoping it continues for quite a while.

Mrs. Mary Rannev is very ill and not expected to survive many days.

Mrs. J. M. Sandefur is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. T. Taylor and family at this writing.

Prayer meeting is still progressing nicely at this place. Mr. H. W. Taylor led last Saturday night and Mr. Arthur Havens was appointed to lead next Saturday night. Everybody come out and join the little faithful band of workers.

Mrs. C. W. Wallace and little daughter, Miss Ruth Eldella, spent the 2nd with Mrs. W. T. Taylor and family.

Mrs. — Hudson and daughter, Miss Irene, and Miss Geneva Mosely, of near Horton, spent the 4th with Mrs. F. Rafferty.

Sabbath school is progressing nicely at Mt. Pleasant Church, near here.

A revival meeting will begin at Mt. Zion Church, near here, on Monday night after the 2nd Sunday.

Misses Josie and Ivy Johnson were pleasant callers of Miss Fannie Mae Smith, on the 23th.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Davis, of Taylor Mines, visited his father, Mr. R. W. Davis, Saturday night and Sunday.

ARE YOU DOING YOUR BIT?—DO YOU KNIT?

The following patriotic women of Hartford and vicinity have responded to the appeal of the American Red Cross Association and are busy knitting sweaters, mufflers and socks for our soldiers and sailors:

Mrs. Martha Ross, Mrs. F. B. DeWitt, Mrs. A. W. Logan, Mrs. John B. Wilson, Mrs. S. T. Hunter, Mrs. Fannie Taylor, Mrs. Lola Felix, Mrs. Sallie Thomas, Mrs. Ella Morton, Mrs. J. G. Keown, Mrs. Helen Ighehart, Mrs. Amanda Nance, Mrs. Jas. Thomas, Mrs. Charlotte Taylor, Mrs. R. R. Wedding, Mrs. Steve May, Mrs. Andrew Williams, Mrs. Lucinda Slanks, Mrs. J. A. Bennett, Miss Ella Holder, Mrs. John A. Duke, Mrs. R. E. L. Shimmerman, Miss Winnie Davis Shimmerman, Mrs. T. L. Griffin, Mrs. Minnie Wedding, Mrs. Emma Hudson, Mrs. — Lashbrook, Mrs. Jennie Miller, Mrs. Joe Robertson, Mrs. Peter Shown, Mrs. Ollie Barnett, Miss Lottie Marks, Miss Margaret Marks, Mrs. T. S. Marks.

The yarn is furnished by the Louisville Chapter of the American Red Cross, and the garments are sent to our boys free of cost to them. These garments add greatly to the comfort of our boys in the trenches, and knitting is one of the many ways we at home can show our patriotism.

Why Discriminate?

An Irishman who had only been here a few days, was invited to take an automobile ride with a friend. They were going thru a country road at a high speed, when a traffic policeman, on the lookout for speedsters, gave chase on his motorcycle.

He caught up with them, and announced:

"You're plucked for speeding."

"Plucked for speeding?" repeated the Irishman. "Begorra, wasn't yer goin' as fast as us yourself?"—Everybody's Magazine.

CIRCUIT COURT DOCKET.

FIRST DAY—NOV. 25.

(For orders)

5173 Com'th. vs. Everett Guy	5174 Com'th. vs. Shelby Morris	5193 Com'th. vs. Arthur Duacan	5217 Com'th. vs. Claude Graves	5218 Com'th. vs. Same.	5219 Com'th. vs. Same.	5224 Com'th. vs. Murray Crowe	5225 Com'th. vs. Lorenza Hamilton	5226 Com'th. vs. Murray Crowe	5233 Com'th. vs. Claude Graves	5241 Com'th. vs. Jesse Fulkerson, et al.	5244 Com'th. vs. Owen Grove.	5259 Com'th. vs. Reed Hurt, et al.	5277 Com'th. vs. Owen Canan, et al.	5278 Com'th. vs. Henry Whitaker.	5281 Com'th. vs. Richard Middle.	5284 Com'th. vs. Temple Bassett.	5293 Com'th. vs. Same.	5294 Com'th. vs. Joe Hardy, et al.	5299 Com'th. vs. Caney Daffron.	5305 Com'th. vs. Marshall Nail.	5313 Com'th. vs. Lottie Paris.
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5314 Com'th. vs. Tom Oller.	5330 Com'th. vs. Dave Duke.	5334 Com'th. vs. Same.	5335 Com'th. vs. Same.	5336 Com'th. vs. Same.	5337 Com'th. vs. Same.	5338 Com'th. vs. Same.	5352 Com'th. vs. Alvey Fogle.	5353 Com'th. vs. Same.	5355 Com'th. vs. L. M. Roach.	5364 Com'th. vs. Mose Hart.	5365 Com'th. vs. Same.	5366 Com'th. vs. Muelon Likens.	5367 Com'th. vs. Same.	5368 Com'th. vs. John Coleman.	5371 Com'th. vs. Claude Ford.	5372 Com'th. vs. Elvis Grant.	5373 Com'th. vs. Claude Ford.	5374 Com'th. vs. Elvis Grant.	5375 Com'th. vs. Claude Ford, &c.	5398 Com'th. vs. Ellis Bash.	5399 Com'th. vs. Charles Hahert.	5401 Com'th. vs. Lou Springer.	5410 Com'th. vs. F. B. DeWitt.
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Are the most Practical and Economical Underwear for Men, Women and Children to wear.

PERFECT FITTING

The most comfortable to wear, made of wear-resisting materials---good service is assured.

PRICES

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If you want to know what real underwear luxury is, buy MUNSLING WEAR.

For Sale by

E. P. Barnes & Bro.

Beaver Dam, Ky.

5411 Com'th. vs. J. W. Whitesides.	5412 Com'th. vs. Same.	5415 Com'th. vs. Ned Douglass.	5417 Com'th. vs. Same.	5418 Com'th. vs. Same.	5419 Com'th. vs. Same.	5420 Com'th. vs. Same.	5421 Com'th. vs. Same.	5422 Com'th. vs. Same.	5423 Com'th. vs. Same.	5426 Com'th. vs. S. B. Brookin.	5427 Com'th. vs. Same.	5428 Com'th. vs. John Henry Simmons.	5432 Com'th. vs. Temp Martin.	5444 Com'th. vs. Claude Webster.	5306 Com'th. vs. Dick Stewart.	5325 Com'th. vs. Ike Frank, &c.	5346 Com'th. vs. Tom Crutman.	5381 Com'th. vs. Charley Hoover.	5402 Com'th. vs. John Decker.	5404 Com'th. vs. John Rander.	5405 Com'th. vs. Same.	5406 Com'th. vs. Same.	5407 Com'th. vs. Same.	5408 Com'th. vs. Same.	5409 Com'th. vs. Same.	5424 Com'th. vs. John Decker.	5425 Com'th. vs. Same.	SECOND DAY—NOV. 27.	5279 Com'th. vs. Joe St. Clair, et al.	5280 Com'th. vs. Mose Wilson.	5311 Com'th. vs. Hardin Tanner, &c.	5328 Com'th. vs. Ed Wilkerson.	5348 Com'th. vs. Tip Beasley.	5357 Com'th. vs. Leonard Anderson.	5359 Com'th. vs. George Hillard.	5382 Com'th. vs. George Gwell.	5428 Com'th. vs. Enos Lawrence.	5429 Com'th. vs. Same.	5435 Com'th. vs. Paul Carter.	5449 Com'th. vs. Mack Owen.	THIRD DAY—NOV. 28.	5326 Com'th. vs. Ernest Litsey.	5403 Com'th. vs. Homer McNutt.	5413 Com'th. vs. Jake Bowen.	5444 Com'th. vs. Same.	5480 Com'th. vs. Harry Griffin.	5491 Com'th. vs. Same.	5433 Com'th. vs. Leonard Anderson.	5446 Com'th. vs. Rex Arbuckle.	FOURTH DAY—NOV. 29.	5309 Com'th. vs. R. L. Paris.	5327 Com'th. vs. Wm. Otis Reynolds.	5395 Com'th. vs. Adams Express Co.	5396 Com'th. vs. Same.	5432 Com'th. vs. Leonard Anderson.	5434 Com'th. vs. Ouglt Baldwin, &c.	5437 Com'th. vs. Alex Kelly.	5438 Com'th. vs. Irvin Barden.	5439 Com'th. vs. Charley Peach.	5440 Com'th. vs. Ben Harrison Whitehouse.	5441 Com'th. vs. Tom Wright.	5442 Com'th. vs. Basil Lawrence.	5445 Com'th. vs. Hud Taylor.	5447 Com'th. vs. Clyde Fook.	5448 Com'th. vs. Henry Barnes.	5450 Com'th. vs. Quintin Park.	5451 Com'th. vs. Jesse Wilson.	5452 Com'th. vs. John Wilbur Wilson.	5453 Com'th. vs. J. P. Taylor.	5454 Com'th. vs. Same.
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